Victoria Daily Times.

VOL. 21. VICTORIA, B. C., SATURDAY, JUNE 8, 1895. No. 134

Careful Attention,

Combined with a thorough knowledge of the business and good materials, ensures a good piece of work. This will be clearly proven to you when you leave an order for the manufacture of any article of Jewelry, or the repairing of Watches, Jewelry, etc., with

Challoner & Mitchell, 47 Government St., Opposite Bank of B. C.

DUCK SUITS

Received at

THE WESTSIDE.

A Full Assortment.

J. Hutcheson & Co.

Cash! Cash!! Cash!!!

WHAT CAN BE DONE FOR MONEY.

This is a sample. We want your Dollars. If you want Goods Cheap come and see us.....

Olympic Flour, per sack	$1.00
Granulated Sugar, 22 lbs	1.00
California Butter, per roll	30
Chicago Ham, per lb	14
Chicago Bacon, per lb	14
M. M. Tea, 5 pound box	1.40

Dixi H. Ross & Co.

We hear nothing but "Trilby" and
"dear little feet,"
It has nearly driven crazy Uncle Sam
But things that simply can't be beat
Are FALCONER'S Pickles and Jam.

Ask your Grocer for them.

FRESH ARRIVALS

Car's Semolina, in 2 lb. Packages.
Pratt's Poultry Food, The Greatest Egg Producer.
Cleaver's Unscented Soap.

Vickers' Sweetened and Extra Dry Gin.
Brown's Three Star "Special" Scotch.
Brown's Duke of Cambridge.

ERSKINE, WALL & CO.

We Have Told You

The same thing many a time, but it's worth repeating.

We carry a large, select stock of Fashionable Woollens, we employ a staff of competent workmen and—well, our reputation is worthy of mention, and now that we think of it, we'll ask you to inquire as to our reputation when you are in need of clothing.

A. GREGG & SON,
62 YATES ST. - - - - - TAILORS.

Summer Suits to Order for $16

At R. J. MATTHEWS', Merchant Tailor, 101 Douglas St

First-class fit and workmanship guaranteed. Suits made and trimmed from $10. Good Pants to order from $3.50. Call and examine these goods before buying elsewhere.

A MINER'S HORRIBLE DEATH

Helplessly Mutilated by an Explosion, He Perishes in the Flames.

Many Former Conservatives Swelling the Opposition Forces.—Big Rally.

Nanaimo, June 8.—An important meeting of Liberals took place last evening in this city, when not only was there a large gathering of Liberals present, but quite a number of Conservatives, and they were frank in expressing their determination to support the Liberal party in the approaching election. One of the speakers stated that he had helped to put the present party in power, but he was sorry to have to state that they were not worthy of the confidence he had reposed in them, but on the contrary they were boodlers of the worst kind, and he intended working his utmost to defeat them in the future. Many other conservatives spoke in a like manner. It was decided to hold another convention on June 28, for the purpose of strengthening the candidate's position.

The pay roll of the N.V.C.Co. to-day amounted close to $60,000.

The lecture by Snider delivered in the Wallace street Methodist church last evening was well attended.

At 2 o'clock this morning Jesse Smith, a miner of Wellington, met a horrible death by fire at his cabin on the new townsite. In some unaccountable way his cabin caught fire, and a keg of powder he had there exploded. By the explosion he must have lost a leg, as the helpless crowd outside could hear him inside the cabin making frantic appeals for help. After the fire was subdued his charred remains were taken out, and one leg was missing, which would account for his being unable to get out. Whether the keg of powder exploded first and set the cabin afire or the cabin was afire and ignited the keg is a question not yet solved. Corner Davie impanneled a jury this afternoon to inquire into the cause of death.

"Absolutely Correct"

Describes the condition of every prescription prepared at our store. The purest materials dispensed with the highest professional skill.

JOHN COCHRANE, Prescription Druggist,

N.W. Cor. Yates and Douglas streets. Gold medallist Ontario College Pharmacy.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

REMOVAL—T. W. FLETCHER from Fort street to 88 Government street, next to Postoffice. His stock of Pianos and organs has no equal for quality in B. C. je7-3t

FOR SALE—1 set second hand harness in good condition. John McKenzie, 41 Pandora street. je8-2t

PRIMROSE COMMITTEE—Paper Social at A.O.U.W. Hall Wednesday next. Two pretty prizes for prettiest paper costumes. Richardson-Sebl Orchestra. Tickets, admitting lady and gent, 50c. je8

TEN MILE HANDICAP BICYCLE RACE—Open to all amateurs residing in Victoria or district, for a $100 prize cup. Entry blanks can be obtained and entries made to the undersigned up to the 13th inst. First heat to be run Saturday 22nd June, and each convenient Saturday following. Handicap limited to five minutes. Harry Harris, Colonist Hotel. June 8th-1t.

JUST THINK

IF ALL THE SOAP used in Victoria was manufactured by

W. J. Pendray

It would mean employment to 20 more men; 20 more families supported in our city, 20 more houses rented, 20 more grocers', bakers and butchers bills paid, hundreds more of boots and shoes, suits of clothes and dresses made in our midst. Did it ever strike you that half the present depression is caused through YOU using Imported Soap and other goods?

Ask your Grocer for

Pendray's Soaps.

Don't take any other said to be just as good, but support

HOME INDUSTRY.

To Contractors, Builders, &c.

Tenders will be received [illegible] by the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty until 10 a.m. of Wednesday, the 12th instant, for executing certain alterations to Victualling store at the Naval Yard.

Plans, Specifications and Conditions of contract may be seen at the office of the Assistant Civil Engineer in this yard on Monday and Tuesday next.

Tenders to be endorsed "Alterations to Victualling Store" and addressed to the Naval Storekeeper.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

W. H. LOBB,
Naval Storekeeper.
Royal Naval Yard, Esquimalt, 8 June, 1895. je8-2t

CABLE DISPATCHES.

Resumption of Hostilities in the Chitral District.

London, June 8.—A dispatch received at Calcutta from Simla says the tribesmen in Chitral are again threatening to attack the British troops. A body of 500 tribesmen is collected in the vicinity of Dargai and the British are preparing for an attack. Later dispatches from Simla say a body of Shiranis has surprised a village 20 miles from Fort Sandeman in the Zhob country and killed a British lieutenant and some seven men.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says it is semi-officially informed that the Turkish government is very firm and intends to remain so because the Sultan believes the whole Armenian question is merely a huge insurrection supported and encouraged by the nonconformist ministers of Great Britain and America.

Constantinople, June 8.—The decision of the powers respecting the unsatisfactory answer of the Turkish government to the note presented to the Porte by the envoys regarding the reforms proposed for Armenia is expected next week. There are indications that the Turkish government is uneasy at the silence of the powers and high officials have been sent to the embassies of Great Britain, France and Russia to confer with the ambassadors regarding Armenia, and represent to them that the Porte's reply was only a semi-official communication. The ambassadors of the powers mentioned have refused to discuss the question, declaring that they regard the reply received as official and final. Advices received here from Bitlis show great distress prevails among the Sassoun refugees. It is stated that 65 families died of starvation and many others are famishing. A local relief committee left Moosh to distribute bread and construct huts. The inhabitants ask for seed and the restoration of stolen cattle in order to prevent a renewal of the famine. It is also feared that the approaching passage of nomadic Kurds across this district will lead to a renewed raid.

Canadian News.

Quebec, June 8.—A fire broke out yesterday at Bergerville, a small adjacent village, and seven houses were burned to ashes, including those of Messrs. M. Gaffaney, P. Stock, Mrs. Petit Clerc, who was postmistress, John Savard, E. Nadeau, Mrs. Thiberge, W. Walsh and Mr. Eli Beland. Most of these houses were wooden structures. Very little furniture was saved, and the insurance will not cover half the loss, which amounts to some thousands of dollars.

Quebec, June 8.—Quebec will have its electric tramways. The city council decided last night by a vote of 17 to 13 in favor of Mr. Beemer's scheme.

Winnipeg, Man., June 8.—The Manitoba crop bulletin was issued to-day. It is compiled from the reports of 350 agents in all parts of the province and shows that the crops were never so far advanced at this date in any previous year and the prospects are bright for an early and abundant harvest throughout the whole of Manitoba and the Territories. The frosts of last month, according to the testimony of the farmers, have been beneficial, having strengthened the roots of the wheat and made them stool out better than if there had been no check to early vegetation. The acreage under crop this year is: Wheat, 1,140,276 acres; oats, 482,658; barley, 153,839; flax, 82,668; rye, 2835; peas, 970; buckwheat, 125; corn, 1004; potatoes, 16,716; roots, 6685; total, 1,887,776 acres. This is an increase over last year's total of 295,380 acres. The increased area under wheat is 130,000. The reports also show that of last year's crop 14,151,458 bushels were exported and 3,021,422 bushels used in the province, of which 84,000 bushels is still in farmers' hands. The prospects for the hay crop are excellent and live stock is in prime condition.

Lachute, Que., June 8.—Ruby Summerly, aged 14, while bathing near Lanes Bridge, North River, fell into a hole and was drowned. Nine years ago her father was drowned in a similar manner.

American News.

Washington, June 7.—The president this afternoon announced the following cabinet appointments: For secretary of state, Richard Olney of Massachusetts; for attorney-general, Judson Harmon of Cincinnati, Ohio. Mr. Olney has been attorney-general during the present Cleveland administration. Mr. Harmon has been for a long time judge of the common pleas court, and is a man about fifty years of age, and is one of the most conspicuous lawyers in the west.

Utica, N. Y., June 7.—Miss Sarah L. Goodire, 40 years old, residing in the town of Litchfield, in Herkimer county, was bound and gagged by masked robbers on Wednesday night. The robbers awakened Miss Goodire at one o'clock while she was in bed and took her by the throat. They demanded that she tell them where her money was, and upon her refusal the men tore up the sheet on the bed and stuffed pieces in her mouth. Then they bound her hand and foot to the bed, after which the ruffians beat and bruised her in a horrible manner. The robbers ransacked the entire house and much that was valuable was taken. Miss Goodire is very wealthy, and her gold and silver plate were taken, also a sum of money together with a note for $225. The men were disguised and Miss Goodire can give no description of them. The sheriff has organized a search posse.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Award.

THE DOMINION PARLIAMENT

Regulations More Favorable to the Sealers to be Introduced Soon.

Pathetic Appeal in the Hendershott Case—Ouimet's Admission.—Copyright.

Ottawa, June 8.—Miss Mary L. Hendershott and Miss Welter, daughter and sister of convicts Hendershott and Welter, under sentence of execution on the 18th, had an interview yesterday with Mr. Power, of the department of justice, in company with Mr. Ingram, M. P. Mr. Power is now engaged in sifting evidence and will submit it to the minister as soon as possible. Miss Hendershott's case is a pathetic one. About six months before the murder her mother died. She is engaged to marry E. Welter, so that if the sentence is carried out she will have lost mother, father and lover almost at a single blow. She is a pretty girl of about 20 years.

The public accounts committee yesterday inquired into the circumstances connected with the letting of the contract for the "Soo" canal. It is shown that Ryan & Haney's tender was higher than the others, yet they got the contract. There were many changes made in the plans after the contract was let which greatly increased the cost. Some of the changes made had been recommended before the contract was signed but were declined. Cost to date, $3,171,000.

The house spent all yesterday in supply. Ouimet was taken to task for a speech he made in Guysboro. He admitted that he favored the friends of the government in the construction of public works.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell announced in the senate last evening that the Canadian government had just received a cablegram from Sir Charles Tupper, Canadian high commissioner in London, stating that a bill had been introduced into the imperial parliament providing for the renewal of the North Pacific fisheries act of 1893, which expires July 1, and that it was being rushed through parliament in order to give effect to the agreement with Russia as to the western Pacific sealing, which would be found more favorable to the sealers than the regulations of 1893.

The copyright representatives saw Sir Charles Tupper to-day, and posted him on the case for presentation to the imperial authorities.

Messrs. Prior and Earle have seen the postmaster-general regarding the non-payment of the provisional allowance to the Victoria clerks and letter carriers. It appears the appropriation has run out, and as soon as the estimate passes the house the money will be paid. Next year, as already announced, it will be added to the salaries.

Mr. Wilkie, a leading banker of Toronto, Mr. Foy, Q.C., and John Thompson, eldest son of the late premier, have been named as trustees of the Thompson memorial fund.

The civil servants are organizing to secure amendments to the superannuation bill.

The Fitzsimmons case was before the cabinet this afternoon. It is also understood that the Hudson Bay railway scheme will be discussed.

THE MISSING HEIR.

Halpin Hortu Found in Edmonton, Alberta.

Buffalo, N. Y., June 7.—Alphonse Hortu, of this city, whose lost son Halpin has by the death of an aunt at Three Rivers, Que., fallen heir to an estate worth $25,000, thinks he has found his son. This morning he received a newspaper from Edmonton, Alberta, in which was a pargraph to the effect that a horse had been stolen from H. Hortu's stables. He is overjoyed at the prospect of finding his son.

THREE MURDERERS SWING.

A Triple Execution Takes Place at San Quentin

San Francisco, June 7.—Three murderers were hanged at San Quentin this morning. Five men were to have been executed, but Governor Budd granted respites in the cases of Fremont Smith and Rico Moraco. The three men who suffered the death penalty to-day were Patrick Collins, Amilio Garcia and Anthony Azoff. Collins stabbed his wife to death because she would no longer give her earnings to him to buy liquor. She was employed as janitress in a kindergarten. He followed her into the schoolroom and slashed her mercilessly with a knife. Amilio Garcia was a Mexican. Last year near Colton, San Bernardino county, he cut the throat of an old Frenchman for the purpose of robbery, it being supposed that the victim had [illegible] of gold. Anthony Azoff shot and killed Len Harris, a Southern Pacific detective. Azoff was a highwayman. He had robbed a railroad station agent and the detective had traced him to Boulder creek, where he attempted to place him under arrest. Azoff drew a revolver and shot him.

Mr. George Arthur Vansittart, secretary of the British legation at Munich, has been gazetted British consul at Chicago, in succession to Mr. J. H. [illegible]

IN THE EASTERN PROVINCES

Splendid Crop Prospects From the Red River to the Rocky Mountains.

Women and Children from England for Esquimalt Pass Through Winnipeg.

Winnipeg, June 7.—Superintendent Whyte of the C. P. R. has received reports of the condition of the grain crop from nearly every station agent on the C. P. R. main and branch lines from the Red River to the Rocky Mountains. The story they tell is unanimous that crops were never so far advanced at this date in any previous year, and the prospects are of an early and abundant harvest throughout the whole of Manitoba and the territories where cereals are grown. The frosts of last month, according to the testimony of the farmers, have been a benefit, having strengthened the roots of the wheat and made them stool out better than if there had been no check to early vegetation.

The remains of Willie McMillan, who lost his way on the prairie near Pengarth, a settlement north of Regina, in February, 1890, have been found and buried. The lad perished in a blizzard.

The Seguin house at Virden was damaged by fire last night; loss covered by insurance.

The annual convocation of the Manitoba university was held this afternoon in the legislative chamber, where degrees were conferred and prizes presented. An unusually large number of ladies received the B. A. degree.

Rev. Mr. Bradshaw of Port Arthur will be called to Christ church in this city.

The tramps who molested a C. P. R. freight thain last Sunday were sentenced to-day to two months' imprisonment for assault on an employee of the company.

Word has reached Rat Portage that the steamer Monarch, owned by Bridges & Durham, which left there on Tuesday for Fort Francis loaded with passengers and freight, was wrecked and sunk at the Sault rapids, on Rainy river. The passengers and crew were saved.

Nine women and eighteen children passed through the city last evening on a special tourist car for Esquimalt, B. C., where they will join their husbands and fathers. The women are from Portsmouth, England, and their husbands are now attached to the marine artillery of the Pacific coast.

Montreal, June 7.—Prof. Darey, of McGill University, is about to retire on account of old age. Maxime Ingress was appointed French professor in his stead, and Dr. C. W. Colby, an old McGill graduate and honorary LL. D. of Harvard, was appointed to the new chair of history.

Kincardine, June 7.—John Watson, senior partner of the large manufacturing firm of Watson & Malcolm, is dead.

Toronto, June 7.—The trial of the protested election case of Patron Tucker of West Wellington was closed in the court of appeal yesterday. Judgment as to the charges of treating and intimidating was reserved and the charge of undue influence dismissed.

Toronto, June 7.—The graduation class of Toronto University will hold its annual dinner on Tuesday next, when the presentation of a considerable sum of money will be made to J. A. Tucker for the purpose of defraying his expenses to some foreign university.

Amherstburg, June 7.—Last night Captain Dun of the cruiser Petrel and ten men seized the American tug Ruelle, which had dump scows in tow and was illegally putting filth into Canadian waters. Captain Dun had to fire on the tug before she surrendered. Her outfit will be brought here and her men prosecuted.

None But Ayer's at the World's Fair.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla enjoys the extraordinary distinction of having been the only blood purifier allowed an exhibit at the World's fair, Chicago. Manufacturers of other sarsaparillas sought by every means to obtain a showing of their goods, but they were all turned away under the application of the rule forbidding the entry of patent medicines and nostrums. The decision of the World's fair authorities in favor of Ayer's Sarsaparilla was in effect as follows: "Ayer's Sarsaparilla is not a patent medicine. It does not belong to the list of nostrums. It is here on its merits."

Quick Time to the East.

The Northern Pacific railroad company has put into effect a new and shorter schedule for eastbound trains, which now leave Seattle at 2 p.m., and Tacoma at 3 p.m., daily, making the run to Chicago in 16 hours less than heretofore. Time to New York, four and a half days. Best schedule ever in effect across the continent. Passenger trains are all now lighted by electricity and heated by steam. For tickets apply to E. E. Blackwood, agent, Adelphi Building.

THE SAMUELS LINE.

Agent Topping Perfecting All the Arrangements.

W. F. Topping, Portland agent of the new Samuels line of steamers to make [illegible] trips from Portland to the Orient, was in the city yesterday completing arrangements with the Northwestern steamship company, operating the steamer Rosalie, to handle all Seattle freight direct from Victoria. The arrangement is that when the company's steamer arrives at Victoria the Rosalie will run alongside and the Seattle freight will be transferred without delay, arriving at this port long before Portland receives her freight. The first steamer, the Chittagong, is expected to arrive at Victoria on June 15 with a full cargo, a portion for this port. The steamer to follow the Chittagong will be the Alons. The third steamer has not been decided on yet.

Mr. Topping informed a Post-Intelligencer reporter that it is not improbable that his line will call at this port direct from Victoria if reasonable inducements are offered by the home merchants. He says the new line intends catering as much as possible to the merchants of this city and hopes by good service and fair treatment to secure their trade. F. C. Davidge will look after the company's interests on the Sound and Victoria, and Mr. Topping will attend to the Portland end.

LATE CABLE DISPATCHES.

Scandinavian Kingdom Threatened With Disruption—Reserves Called Out.

Russia Not Inclined to Push Matters to the Point in Armenian Reforms.

London, June 7.—The Standard in an editorial enters a strong protest against Russia being allowed any portion of Chinese territory in return for the guarantee of a loan to the Chinese government.

It is stated in London that China must pay Russia for the loan at the rate of 5 per cent., Russia pocketing the difference, which in the first year will amount to £150,000.

The opinion prevails in official circles in St. Petersburg that Russia, while doing the best possible under the circumstances for the welfare of the Armenians, will not risk a conflict with Turkey, as the development of the question in the extreme direction advocated by the English press would only endanger the quietude of Russian Armenia, thus proving prejudicial to Russian interests generally.

Reports received at Oldenburg are to the effect that Kebersdorf, a Hungarian watering place, has been submerged by the sudden freshets of the swollen mountain streams. Twelve persons are missing. The torrents swept the country adjoining, carrying away many of the massive bridges, and the peasants fled to the hills for refuge. Many families are reported homeless.

A dispatch to the Daily News from Vienna says that reports from Keberdorf make it evident that one hundred persons are missing at that place as a result of the mountain floods. Eighteen dead bodies have been recovered.

Fugitive Rudolph Schnaubelt, alias Rindskopf, the man who threw the bomb at the Chicago Haymarket riot, was today wounded in a fracas at Pinalajo. He will die.

A dispatch from Christiania says the storthing, by a vote of 90 to 204, has adopted a compromise resolution to the effect that while it is the intention and purpose of the storthing to maintain complete independence upon all national questions, public policy requires the immediate opening, with the co-operation of the cabinet, of negotiations with Sweden looking towards the settlement of the consular and foreign minister question. Under the act of union between Norway and Sweden as at present enforced, the foreign minister must be a Swede. For many years an agitation has been carried on in Norway favoring a separate foreign minister for each country and a separate consular service throughout the world.

So grave has the situation become that war has been threatened, because of Norway's objection to the provisions requiring foreign ministers to be of the Swedish nationality. Internal dissensions for a time disrupted the left of the Liberal party in Norway, the split occurring on the address to the crown, the most conservative members thinking that the radicals were getting control of the party organization. Some of the conservative leaders of the left party even went so far as to leave the hall of the storthing during the debate. The Norwegian papers have even intimated that this dividing of the left party against itself might possibly cause civil war in Norway, but the general opinon has been that King Oscar, with an increased majority of the right party, would be able to settle the difficulty between Norway and Sweden in a peaceable manner.

On account of the threatening state of affairs, however, all the Swedish army and navy reserves were called into camp in various parts of Sweden on a scale unheard of in the history of the country. These reserves were generally called into service for three months, King Oscar ordering the mobilization in the western portion of Sweden alone of 20,000 troops during the month of June.

London, June 7.—The little town of Ballot, near Balmoral, where the Queen is stopping, was startled this evening by the reckless firing of a revolver in the streets. The young man who fired the pistol was arrested, and it was found that he had in his possession a paper addressed to the Queen, whom he intended to visit. The prisoner also had a letter addressed to Mr. Gladstone and another addressed to Mr. Vanderbilt, whose daughter he said he desired to marry. A doctor who examined the young man expressed the opinion that he was insane.

A Paris dispatch says extensive floods are prevailing in the north of Spain and the southwest of France. The rivers have overflowed in various districts of Navarre, rendering communications between the towns very difficult. Around Pau the railway is submerged and many factories have been inundated. In many places the mails are conveyed by boats.

—Dandruff is an exudation from the pores of the skin that spreads and dries, forming scurf and causing the hair to fall out. Hall's Hair Renewer cures it.

Wheelmen, Attention!

HAVE YOUR BICYCLE SUIT

MADE OF

RIGBY WATERPROOF CLOTH.

These Suits are on Sale throughout Canada by the Leading Dry Goods and Furnishing Houses.

RIGBY CLOTH IS POROUS.

RIGBY CLOTH IS PLIABLE.

There is no Rubber in Rigby Compound.

There is no Cloth made so suitable for Bicycle Suits as the Rigby Cloth.

A SWAN'S FIGHT FOR LIFE.

The Hapless Victim of Two Barbarous Paris Youths.

One of the finest swans on the exhibition water at the base of Effel's Tower was killed last night in a dastardly manner by two youths, one of whom is a student of respectable parentage, the other a third-class cafe concert singer. These mischievous lads were returning home to Passy from one of the cafes of the Palais des Beaux Arts at an advanced hour, when they saw the swan sleeping majestically on the pond, its beak buried in its feathers. They stealthily approached the bird, which was near the bank, and seized hold of it. The swan made what has been described as a gallant struggle for life, as the cruel captors bear on their faces, hands and arms, cuts and bruises inflicted by its beak and wings.

At last the rascals succeeded in despatching the bird by twisting its neck, but its cries attracted the attention of the policeman who were on beat at the Trocadero end of Iena Bridge. Some moments after the swan-slayers went towards the Trocadero, one of them endeavoring to hide the bird under his great coat, but, seeing the policeman advancing to meet them, they took to their heels. The lad who was carrying the swan was caught and the other escaped, but as his address was furnished by his companion, the commissary of the Muette district arrested him early this morning. The two are now in the depot waiting trial in the police court.

The swan is said to have been valued at £6. The affair bears a good deal of resemblance to the story related by the late Villiers de l'Isle Adam of the man who killed a swan in order to ascertain if it would sing before dying. The splendid fowl killed last night on the Champ de Mars did not give out a dying song, but it may be said to have shrieked like a human being while its neck was being twisted and its wings torn off. The policeman declare that the terrible sounds coming across the river from the place where the outrage was committed utterly amazed them for a time.—Paris Letter to London Telegraph.

In Advanced Years

The strength and pure blood necessary to resist the effects of cold seasons are given by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"I have for the last 25 years of my life been complaining of a weakness of the lungs and colds in the head, especially in the winter. Last fall I was again attacked. Reading of Hood's Sarsaparilla I was led to try it. I am now taking the fifth bottle with good results. I can positively say that I have not spent a winter as free from coughs or pains and difficult breathing spells for the last 25 years as was last winter. I can lie down and sleep all night without any annoyance from cough or [illegible]

E. M. CHAMBERS, J. P., Cornhill, N. B.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Is the Only True Blood Purifier

Prominently in the public eye today.

Hood's Pills cure habitual constipation. Price 25c. per box.

Camp Stools, Camp Chairs, Camp Beds, Camp Tables,

AND EVERYTHING NECESSARY TO A FULL

Camping Outfit

......AT......

WEILER BROS.

Fine Line of Hammocks Just Arrived.

JOHN MESTON,

Carriage Maker

BLACKSMITH, ETC

Broad Street, Between Johnson and Pandora Streets

Dairy and Stock Farm For Sale.

207 acres crown grant good land, Cowichan, Vancouver Island, equally distant from Victoria, Nanaimo and Vancouver; three quarters of a mile from McPherson's Station and postoffice, E. & N. R. R.; three and a half miles from Duncan's; two and a half miles from salt water; one mile from public school; all under fence; over 40 acres under cultivation and fenced; about 60 acres improved; the balance light timber, maple and alder, and easily cleared; eight-roomed house, good new basement barn and other outbuildings, trout creek of spring water running all the year between house and barn; good government roads on three sides; horses, cows, sheep, wagon, cart, plow, harrows, mowing machine, horse rake, etc.

W. R. ROBERTSON,
n27-1mo-d&w McPherson's Station.

FOR SALE.

Improved ranch, East Kootenay, the property of a gentleman residing in England. Lot 272, group 1, East Kootenay, known as Cannan ranch; 319 acres bottom land, situated at mouth of Sinclair Creek, Columbia river, and traversed by the creek; near Sinclair Hot Springs; good farm buildings; title perfect. In connection therewith certain horses, cows and sheep (to be rounded up) and farm implements will be sold. Apply to

BODWELL & IRVING, Solicitors,
Victoria, B. C., or
[illegible]
May 15-1m Donald, B. C.

MERCHANTS' LUNCH

Served at the

Poodle Dog Restaurant

From 12 to 2 with glass of beer or claret, 40 cents.

Regular meals with glass of beer or claret 50 cents.

[illegible]

UNDERTAKERS.

CHAS. HAYWARD

(Established 1867.)

Funeral Director and Embalmer

Government Street, Victoria.

TENDERS WANTED.

NOTICE.

Tenders addressed to the undersigned will be received up to Monday next, the 10th inst., at 4 p.m., for laying crossings at the following places, viz.: Pandora Street, east side of Douglas Street; Broughton Street, east side of Government Street; Douglas Street, south side of Fort Street.

Tenderers to name the kind of crossing they propose to lay, and furnish with their tender full specifications of same together with the price per lineal foot of crossing complete for which they will undertake to perform the work, width of crossings reckoned at 4 feet 6 inches.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

By order,

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office, June 5th, 1895, Victoria, B.C.

Victoria Water Works

TENDERS

—FOR—

Filter Beds, Cofferdam, Reservoirs, Etc, at Beaver Lake.

Sealed tenders endorsed "Filter Beds etc.," will be received by the undersigned on behalf of the Corporation of the City of Victoria up to 4 p.m., on Wednesday, the 12th June next, for the construction of Filter Beds, Cofferdam, Reservoir, etc., at Beaver Lake.

Plans and specifications may be obtained from the undersigned upon payment of five dollars ($5.00), which sum will be refunded on their return. Profiles of sites and sections of Lake basin may be seen in the Committee Room, City Hall.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted bank cheque equal to five per cent. of the amount of such tender, which will be retained as part security for the due performance of the work. The cheque will be returned to unsuccessful tenderers but will be forfeited by any bidder who may decline to execute a contract when called upon to do so. No tender will be received from any person who is not a resident of the Province of British Columbia.

The Corporation does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

JAS. L. RAYMUR,
Water Commissioner.

Water Commissioner's Office,
May 29th, 1895. m30-td

NOTICE.

Separate Tenders will be received at the office of the undersigned until Monday next, the 10th day of June instant, at 4 p.m., for cutting and removing hay growing on Corporation property, viz:

1st. At Beacon Hill Park. 2. At Elk Lake.

Each tenderer to deposit amount of tender with tender.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

By order,

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

City Clerk's Office, June 4th, 1895.

MUNICIPAL.

$10 REWARD.

The above mentioned reward is hereby offered for such information as will lead to the conviction of any person or persons breaking the glass of the window of any unoccupied house or other, in the City of Victoria, or damaging in any way any portion thereof, or of the premises appertaining thereto, or removing therefrom any article belonging to the said premises, or defacing injuring or destroying any street sign or other property belonging to the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

Victoria, B.C., March 20th, 1895.

Notice to Water Consumers.

The attention of consumers of water supplied from the City Water Works is hereby drawn to Sections 12, 20, and 23 of The Water Works Regulation By-Law, 1894, which provides that from the 15th day of April to the 15th day of September, both inclusive, in each year, no consumer of water of the said water works shall use such water for irrigating except on the respective days hereinafter mentioned, namely:

In the North Ward on Mondays and Thursdays.

In the Central Ward on Tuesdays and Fridays.

In the South Ward on Wednesdays and Saturdays.

If water is used for watering lawns or gardens at other than the time hereinbefore mentioned the water will be turned off, and there shall be charged in addition to ordinary rates the sum of fifty cents for each infraction.

The above penalties will be strictly enforced.

JAS. L. RAYMUR,
Water Commissioner.

Water Commissioner's Office,
[illegible]

STRONG DRINK!

Its Terrible Effects

A Shattered Nervous System Built Up and Strengthened By Paine's Celery Compound.

It is in the combined perfection of sensation, motion, intelligence and speech that man excels all created animals.

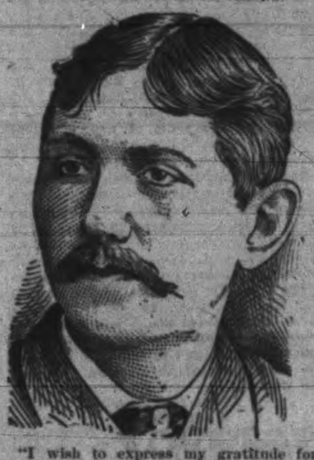
The brain, that grand centre of sensation and perception, and the whole nervous system, are wonderfully made, and man's happiness and very life depend upon their condition of health.

The human brain and the nervous system become impaired, shattered and broken down in various ways. Careless living, loose habits and over-indulgences, when persisted in, and continued for a length of time, tend to wreck and destroy the whole nervous organism.

There is no form of disease that can more rapidly shatter the system, or more surely lead to death, than the use of strong drink. Its effects are felt in every nerve and tissue, and its poison can be traced in every drop of blood.

It will plant courage and hope in the hearts of many men who are broken down, and whose nervous systems are completely shattered, to learn that, with a firm determination to avoid strong drink, their bodies can be rebuilt, their nerves made strong, their blood purified, and life made happy and worth living. This grand work of re-creation can be accomplished by the use of Paine's Celery Compound, nature's great life restorer. No medical agency in the world is so well adapted for the re-building of brain and body.

Mr. Samuel B. Guild, of Ellershouse, Hants Co., N. S., writes as follows:



"I wish to express my gratitude for the great good accomplished in my case by your Paine's Celery Compound. I had commenced using strong drink when quite young, with the result that my whole system was run-down and shattered. I was under the care of several doctors, but they did not seem to understand my case, and could do nothing for me. I commenced using your Paine's Celery Compound, and it soon made me a new man. My nervous system is completely built up, my appetite is natural and healthy, and I feel better and stronger than ever before. Paine's Celery Compound has done these wonders for me, and I cannot thank you sufficiently."

THE EFFICACY OF PRAYER.

A Rather Astonishing Arrangement Between Two Opponents.

Dallas, Texas, June 7.—Free Thinkers' Hall was inadequate to conveniently hold those who listened to John R. Charlesworth's infidel lecture on Wednesday night, and it was the occasion of one of the most unique challenges upon record. The lecture was entitled "Is There a God?" The speaker claimed that while there may be one, there was no actual evidence to prove it. He went over the ground from the early histories and records to the present day and claimed that in the economy of nature there was no necessity for a God.

At the conclusion of the lecture Mrs Sweeney, president of the Dallas W.C.T.U., arose and asked the lecturer if he would give her his name that she might pray for him, and if he felt his heart touched he was to make a public admission of the fact, as he had of his unbelief in a deity.

Secretary Paget, of the Free Thinkers' Society, arose and asked Mrs. Sweeney if she would accept his name; that he, like the lecturer, doubted the existence of God. All he stipulated was a time limit. He did not want to wait till he was dead, as they might say he made a deathbed recantation. The limit was set at three months. Mr. Paget further stipulated that if at the end of three months he and Mr. Charlesworth, or either of them, had not made a public confession, Mrs. Sweeney is to admit that there is no efficacy in prayer, that God is a failure and does not exist. To this Mrs. Sweeney agreed, and the lecturer and secretary signed this very extraordinary challenge.

The scrofulous taint which has been in your blood for years, will be expelled by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier.

TRADE WITH THE ORIENT

Seattle People Are Inclined to Boom President Hill's Proposed Line.

Representatives of Japanese and Chinese Firms Give Their Opinions.

The views of President Hill of the Great Northern railway on the conditions requisite for the successful establishment of a steamer line between Seattle and the Orient, says the Seattle Post-Intelligencer, have aroused considerable interest among the Japanese and Chinese merchants long established in Seattle, and they are unanimous in the belief that such a line of steamers plying direct between that port and Japan and China will open up such a vast commerce that it is sure to pay from the start.

Charles Sasaki, a Japanese merchant on South Second street, said that a direct line of steamers such as Mr. Hill contemplated would at once open the Japanese market for the great lumber interests on Puget Sound. He said:

"Japan, as you know, with its 240,000 square miles of area, which has been inhabited for several thousand years, is barren, so far as trees are concerned, and every foot of lumber for the use of its 42,000,000 people has to be imported and much of it now comes from Vancouver, B.C., but with a direct line of steamers large enough to carry lumber that trade could be centred in this port. Japan builds in its shipyards on an average 50 vessels a year, having a tonnage of from 50 upwards, including iron steamers. In connection with this last, iron also is imported into Japan, there not being iron enough in the whole empire from which to make a needle. At present all the iron is imported from England by firms established in Japan who have become rich, and this trade could be easily diverted to this port and would at once furnish a market for all the iron works that could be started in this vicinity. Both Japan and China could be supplied with American iron.

"Japan, owing to its limited size and crowded condition, can never be aught but a manufacturing country, and there is a progressive spirit there eager to build factories on the American plan of perfection, and the new steamer line Mr. Hill contemplates could be kept busy carrying raw material to them. At present the American trade in Japan is controlled by San Francisco firms and the English trade by branch English houses which send all orders to England or to Vancouver, B. C.

"The Tacoma line to Japan is inadequate to the wants of this trade from Puget Sound. As an illustration of this I received an order from Japan to ship two car loads of flour. I tried to make arrangements with the present line from Tacoma, but as its boats were all filled for months ahead I had to admit my inability to fill the order.

"It is safe to say that if we could ship direct from this port we could save at least 15 per cent. on the cost of transportation, which you well know means a great deal from a profit and loss standpoint and would enable this country not only to compete with San Francisco but eventually capture it all.

"Hops is another Washington product that will find a ready market in Japan. The Japanese are great beer drinkers. In fact it is a fashionable drink. There are many breweries there, but all their hops are supplied from Germany.

"By all means give us this new steamer line, and I feel safe in saying that with the doors of China thrown open for the commerce of the world every surplus commodity now raised in this state, flour, hops, hides and all raw material will find a ready and steady market.

"It is a curious fact, not generally known, that Japan imports over $200,000 worth of refined sugar from San Francisco; the lower grade sugars are received from China.

"Tea and raw silk are the great products of Japan, and these would come back in return for American goods. In fact there is no end to the trade that could be carried on at a profit to all.

"Much of the flour used in Japan comes from Washington, mostly from Spokane, but some comes from California. The flour mills in Japan are primitive affairs, with old-fashioned stone grinders.

"The matter of passengers, that is Japanese, would also be an important factor for Seattle. Every steamer from Tacoma carries away on an average a dozen Japanese and brings in between 50 and 60, and all of them going from Seattle and coming to Seattle. It would mean an increase in the revenue of this city from many standpoints."

Woo Gen, the agent of the Wa Chong Company, said Mr. Hill's project was a grand one and every Chinese and Japanese firm in this city would do all in its power to further it and see it a practical reality. The present steamers from Tacoma were not satisfactory, being too small for the purpose. The products of this state were wanted in China and a line of fine large steamers, such as proposed by Mr. Hill, and run once a month, would meet the demand for the present for both freight and passengers. He added:

"We are losing business right along for want of this steamer line. I received an order three weeks ago to ship all the way from three thousand to four thousand sacks of Washington flour, but as I could not get space on the Tacoma steamer I had to let that order go to California. This is only an illustration of what happens right along. This would soon open the doors of China for American tools and machinery and in fact for everything this country had to offer. China is progressing and the war has opened the eyes of China to its weakness and already the improvements there are marked. I returned to China about six months ago after an absence of five years, and I was astonished at the innovations. Nut oil has given place to coal oil, imported from New York; condensed milk was in general use; American muslin had displaced raw cotton woven into fabrics by old-fashioned hand machines; glass lamps, glass chimneys, iron bars for use of blacksmiths; farming implements, and dozens of improvements were seen on all sides. Now these are only beginnings, and the new steamer line would carry thousands of tons of American made goods and bring back in return teas, raw silk, rice, sugar, fireworks, mats, cane chairs and all those Chinese products that find a ready market over here.

"China is waking up now to its importance and with American education and civilization guiding its affairs will cease to be used like a ham for every country on the face of the globe to slice off a fat piece whenever some trouble arises. England took off its slice over thirty years ago, France next sliced off a piece and now Japan cuts off what it wants. This has got to stop. The war has done good to China and she will now see the wisdom of opening her doors to foreign improvements and foreign products.

"Hong Kong is the great flour market for all of China. Everybody throughout China has to go or send to Hong Kong for flour, and all of it comes from the United States. Some thirty years ago the interior of China furnished flour but it was inferior in quality, now all the flour comes from the Pacific coast. The demand can never become exhausted. In fact, if only one-tenth of the Chinese population used flour that proportion would use every pound of it that Washington, Oregon and California could possibly produce. About seven years ago the flour mart of Hong Kong sold seventy thousand fifty-pound sacks of flour every month, and in seven years' time the demand must have naturally almost doubled. That market to-day is principally supplied from California, not because we have not got the flour but because we have no ships to carry it. But for all that, Washington and Oregon flour is the standard and brings $1.25, $1.30 and $1.45 at wholesale in Mexican money, which only rates at 55 cents alongside of the American dollar.

"Mr. Hill should have no fear of not making his steamers pay. The Northern Pacific steamers make about $30,000 each trip, and their expenses cannot possibly exceed $6000, so you see there is a fair margin of profit for incidentals and stockholders."

ABOUT RAMIE CLOTH.

Which Will be Used in the Defender and Valkyrie Balloon Canvas.

Adrian Wilson, the well known Boston sailmaker, in speaking a few days ago of the Defender's lighter canvas, said that our new cup defender's jib top-sail would be made of ramie cloth, which is precisely what was stated in the Sun some weeks ago. As it is rumored that both the Valkyrie III's and the Defender's head sails will be made of this cloth, some additional facts about this new material for sails will undoubtedly prove of interest to yachtsmen.

The following concerning ramie is from E. A. Posselt's Structure of Fibres, Yarns and Fabrics, a standard work on the manufacture of textile fabrics:

"Ramie is a specimen of the nettle family. It is a native of East India, China and Japan, but at present experiments are being made rather extensively in our country's gulf states (especially in the vicinity of New Orleans) to cultivate this fibre. The actual introduction of it into this country dates back to the year 1855.

The plant, when fully grown, attains a height of from four to eight feet, and is surrounded with large ovate accuminate leaves, which are green above and whitish or silvery beneath, the fibre being formed in the bark surrounding the stalk, which has a pithy centre. Similar to China grass, it is of rapid growth, producing from two to five crops a year, according to climate and soil, without replanting.

"The method of obtaining the fibre, as practiced by the natives in East India, China and Japan, is splitting and scraping the plant stems and then steeping them. As this method is very tedious, a machine and process are wanted to accomplish the labor quickly and automatically. The ordinary rotting process, as used for flax, is not sufficiently effective, since the succulent nature of the stem, and the great amount and acridity of the gummy matter cause rapid coagulation and become insoluble on exposure to the air.

"In East India, China and Japan the fibre is manufactured not only into cordage, nets and similar coarse fabrics, but is also used for the construction of some of their most beautiful textile fabrics. On the European continent and in England the fibre has also been woven into a great variety of fabrics, since it can be dyed in any color, and rivals silk in brilliancy.

"Another feature greatly in favor of this fibre is its remarkable strength and durability. It is also the textile fabric least affected by moisture. With reference to spinning ramie can be used either alone or in conjunction with cotton, wool, silk or flax, for the manufacture of textiles in which elasticity is not essential.

"Ramie has three times the strength of Russian hemp, while its filaments can be separated almost to the fineness of silk. The average value of ramie, either imported (including transportation and duty) or American grown material, is nine, [illegible]

Recent improvements in the manufacture of ramie make its use possible in yacht sails. The duck made from it will neither stretch nor shrink, and is stronger when wet than when dry. It has not so smooth a surface as the cotton duck, but can be made lighter with equal strength.

The sails for the French men-of-war have been made from it for several years.—New York Sun.

THE DEVOUT NORWEGIANS.

They Present a Good Church-Going Example to Other Nations.

The Norwegians are a devout people. The form of worship observed by them is that of the Lutheran Evangelical, but owing to the scattered population and the distance between each church, services are held only once every two or three weeks. Ministers having districts assigned to them visit each church in turn, and are usually favored with comparatively good audiences, as the people travel for miles in their little boats in order to be present.

The wedding customs have always been extremely curious and interesting, although some of the observances and festivities have of late fallen into disuse. The bridal crown is still worn; it is gilded, and contains many sparkling gems, the value of which may be estimated according to the wealth and position of the parties concerned. In any case, it presents quite a remarkably fantastic appearance. It is usual for one or more of these crowns to be kept in each village for the use of the inhabitants generally, more particularly the poorer people, who borrow it, just as a wedding ring may be borrowed for the day in this country.

There are also a number of other items, which, put together, form a sort of apron, covered with green and gold trimmings, and a fancy border, the whole of which is studded with imitation rubies, etc., and richly embroidered. The bridegroom, also, is often decorated in a somewhat fanciful fashion to match.—All the Year Round.

—Most coughs may be cured in a few hours or at any rate in a few days, by use of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. With such a prompt and sure remedy as this at hand, there is no need of prolonging the agony for weeks and months. Keep this remedy in your house.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

—The smokeless frying-pan—the best thing out. Only at A. Barker's, 122 Yates street.

Boy—Us boys is gettin' up a fife and drum corps, and we called to see if you would subscribe.

Mr. Lovepeace—Hum!

Boy (encouragingly)—Mr. Gadd, your neighbor, gave us five shillings.

Mr. Lovepeace—Yes, but he is going to move away next week.

WALTER BAKER & CO.
The Largest Manufacturers of
PURE, HIGH GRADE
COCOAS and CHOCOLATES
On this Continent, have received
HIGHEST AWARDS
from the great
Industrial and Food
EXPOSITIONS
IN EUROPE AND AMERICA.

Caution: In view of the many imitations of the labels and wrappers on our goods, consumers should make sure that our place of manufacture, namely, Dorchester, Mass., is printed on each package.

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE.

WALTER BAKER & CO., DORCHESTER, MASS.

When a man from contentment sits brooding apart,
He has troubles, no doubt, and has woes,
It may be that love's arrows have pierced through his heart,
Or perhaps it's the fit of his clothes.

All the Clothes I make

...Fit...

both form and pocketbook

Summer Suits at $18.
Pants from $5.

Walter D. Kinnaird
The Cash Tailor,
46 Johnson Street.

Pick-Nics

Are the order of the day, and

A. Barker's,
122 YATES STREET, . . .
Is the place to get your

Lunch Baskets and
Camping Outfits Cheap,

And the only place in the city where you can get a smokeless frying pan; call and see them; something new.

Chase & Sanborn's

Seal Brand Coffee

Universally accepted as the
Leading Fine Coffee of the World.
The only Coffee served at the
WORLD'S FAIR.
CHASE & SANBORN,
BOSTON. MONTREAL. CHICAGO.

CONSIGNEES' NOTICE.

Br Bq "Wythop,"
Liverpool to Victoria.

This vessel will commence discharging cargo at the Outer Wharf Thursday, June 6th. Consignees are requested to present bills of lading at the office of the undersigned, pay freight, and receive delivery orders for their goods.

All goods remaining on the Wharf after 5 p.m. each day and while on the Wharf will be at the risk of the consignees thereof respectively, and may be stored at their expense.

ROBERT WARD & CO., LIMITED,
je6-3 Consignees of Vessel.

VITRIFIED SEWER PIPE

Sewer Pipe

I have now for sale about twenty thousand feet best Scotch salt glazed SEWER PIPES (3 feet lengths), and all kinds of traps and fittings. The ONLY Pipe in Victoria to stand the test! ! ! !

Tiles . . . . . .

Received large consignment by last ship from England of Glazed, Printed and Art Tiles, for hearths and floors. The Latest Styles.

J. W. Keller,
Corner Yates and Quadra Streets

GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION.

A SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE OF 30 YEARS. Has cured thousands of cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of Brain, Poor Memory, Dizziness and all diseases caused by ignorance in youth. Six boxes are guaranteed to cure when all other medicines fail. One box $1.00, six boxes, $5.00. Manufactured by EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., Detroit, Mich. Sold and sent anywhere by mail by ANGLEY & Co. Victoria, B.C.

Before. After.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

A specific monthly medicine for ladies to restore and regulate the menses, producing free, healthy and painless discharge. No aches or pains on approach. Now used by over 30,000 ladies. Once used will use again. Invigorates these organs. Buy of your druggist only those with our signature across face of label. Avoid substitutes. Sealed particulars mailed 2c stamp. $1.00 per box. Address, EUREKA CHEMICAL COMPANY. Detroit, Mich.

Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital.

All claims against this institution are to be rendered up to and including the 31st May. The monthly invoice is to be rendered separately from the statement of account, which is to be rendered the undersigned not later than 14th June.

No claims will be entertained if not sent in on or before the 14th of June.

WILLIAM M. CHUDLEY,
Hon'y Treasurer.
Care of H. M. Yates, Esq., 22 Bastion st., Victoria.

Public Library.

Notice is hereby given that from and after Thursday, the 11th instant, the hours for keeping the Public Library open will be from 11 a.m., to 12 noon; from 2 p.m. to 5 p.m., and from 6 p.m. to 9 p.m., each day of the week, Sunday excepted.

By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.
Victoria, B.C., 2nd April, 1895.

To the Public.

Having disposed of the business lately conducted by me at the "Clarence Hotel" to Messrs Walker & McDonald, they will carry on the same from the 1st inst., and in thanking my friends for the liberal patronage extended to me whilst in the business, I bespeak a continuance of the same for my successors.

All debts due and owing up to the 31st ulto. must be paid to me forthwith.

je4-1w G. G. MELDRAM.

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MILL,
62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

BICYCLES TO RENT.
First-Class Wheels at
UPTODATE BICYCLE AGENCY,
22 BROAD STREET.
See the UPTODATE DUKE, ROAD KING, Etc., before buying.
C. A. GODSON.

ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT.
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V.S., Buffalo, N.Y.) Office at Bray's Livery, 100 Johnson street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417, Victoria, B.C.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver St.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.

The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of the Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE,

No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisguard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
LOFTUS BROWN, Secretary.

ST. ANDREW'S AND CALEDONIAN

Society meets in their own Hall, Blanchard street on the first Friday of every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join.
E. C. SMITH, Sec.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A. & W. WILSON
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS,
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 129

JEWELERS, ETC.

SIMEON DUCK. THOS. T. HULL.

S. DUCK & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS,
House, Land and Commission Agents. Account sales promptly settled. Cash advanced on goods for absolute sale. Highest prices paid for household furniture.
Duck Building, 58 Broad street, Victoria.

SOLID SILVER WALTHAM WATCHES, $8.50.

S. A. STODDART,
The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,
68½ Yates Street.
Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c.
New Main Spring, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years.

NOLTE'S PATENT
Accurately adjusted.
F. W. NOLTE & CO.,
The Only Opticians, 37 Fort Street
VICTORIA, B. C.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Three choice Lots at Fowl Bay. Apply T. Elford, Shawnigan Lumber Co.'s Office. m17-tf

COWS with calves or without for sale. Apply to J. W. Rowland, or Matthias Rowland, Burnside Hotel. m13-tf

TRY MARSHALL'S Home-Made Bread. Delivered fresh daily. Full weight, 59 Broad St.

TO LET.

PASTURE—Prime pasture within one mile of city limits, for horses or cattle. Apply Beaumont Boggs, 28 Broad St. June 5-2w.

FIRST-CLASS HOUSEKEEPING ROOMS to let, 63 Superior street. Apply 129 1-2 Fort street. je4

TO LET—Pretty cottage, five rooms and bath. Apply to Skene Lowe, 45 Carr St. may27-tf

LOST OR FOUND.

LOST—English pug dog. Return to Joe Levy's Restaurant. Anyone harboring same after this notice will be prosecuted. je6-3t

LOST—A watch, gold case, open face, engraved rim and plain back. Finder will be rewarded by leaving at Times office.

MISCELLANEOUS

MONEY TO LOAN—By the Dominion Building and Loan Association, repayable by easy monthly payments; stock in the above association for sale; a good investment. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street.

Perhaps
Your teeth are Decayed.
If so get them attended to at once. Consult a reliable dentist.
CALL ON....
A. A. HUMBER, D.D.S.,
93½ Douglas Street.
The Best Work. Reasonable Rates.

WANTS.

WANTED—At Shore's Hardware, 57 Johnson street, cash customers for Garden Tools, Paints, etc. Cheap, cheap for cash.

JOSHUA DAVIES
AUCTIONEER,
Room 7, - Board of Trade Building.

JUNE.

S.	M.	T.	W.	T.	F.	S.
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30						

The Daily Times.

A PRACTICAL ILLUSTRATION.

The rapid and increasing revival in business and the healthy activity in the industrial establishments affected by the recent reductions in the United States tariff fully bear out the predictions of the independent press with prophetic significance. The Boston Herald commenting upon the situation observes: "We are under the operation of a tariff in which the people have confidence. It is not embarrassing the production of the country; it is not injuring the wages of labor. The production of the country is continuing under more favorable and profitable conditions as its effects are being felt; the employment of labor and the wages that are incident to it are both on the increase. This is not anything that needs to be explained or in any way accounted for. It is in accordance with history as we have before known it. Greater prosperity was involved under a lower tariff several years earlier, and no low tariff was ever in operation in this country at any time which, regarded in the full period of its operation, failed to produce prosperity. It was because of this that we advocated a lower tariff year after year until the present tariff was attained. We have not claimed for it perfection. It may be improved in important particulars. But the reduction of duties is not its weak feature. We have never had the slightest misgiving in predicting that this would be the result of a lowered tariff. This because it was justified by reasoning, and had been demonstrated in our national history. We were free to state, therefore, and we did again and again state, before the tariff was lowered, that we were willing to stand or fall on the principles of low duties under the tariff by its results in operation. They have by no means had their perfect work yet, but enough has been shown to prove that the principle is right—that the country does not need a high rate of duties, either for the prosperity of its manufactures as a whole, or for the liberal pay of the workmen employed in them. The prediction that a lowered tariff would bring national distress and that, until it was made a high tariff, business could not again revive, is already brought to naught. Business is improving hopefully and steadily with that tariff in operation, and with a certainty that it will continue in operation for at least two years in the future, and those who are compelled to admit this state of facts as existing are reduced to the subterfuge of claiming that it all comes from the possibility that there may be a change in this aspect of an indefinite character at an indefinite period of time!"

An idea of the extent of the improvement may be seen from the following additional list of establishments that have voluntarily increased the wages of their employees, compiled by the New York Times. These increases will benefit some 160,000 artizans and the list is steadily increasing:—

"Dodge-Davis Manufacturing Company, flannels, Bristol, N. H., 20 per cent.; Poland Paper Company, Mechanic Falls, Maine, 12½ per cent.; Cocheco Mills, cotton goods, Dover N. H., 5 per cent.; Williamstown Manufacturing Co., Williamstown, Mass., 12 per cent.; North Pownal Manufacturing Company, North Pownal, Vt., 12 per cent.; Beaver and Eclipse Mills, North Adams, Mass., 12 per cent.; Westerley Woollen Company, Westerley, R. I., 10 per cent.; Merino Mills, Olneyville, R. I., 10 per cent.; Tyson Chrome Works, Baltimore, Md., 10 per cent.; Eddy Electric Company, Windsor, Conn., 10 per cent.; Salmon Falls Manufacturing Company, Salmon Falls, N. H., 5 per cent., 600 employees; Jesse Eddy Woollen Mill, Fall River, Mass., 10 to 15 per cent.; S. K. Wilson, woollen mill, Trenton, N. J., 10 per cent., 700 employees; Edwards Manufacturing Company, Augusta, Me., 10 per cent., 1200 employees; the three cotton factories in Suncook, N. H., 1600 employees; A. L. Sayles & Sons' Union Woollen Mill, Pascoag, R. I., 5 per cent.; Norwalk Mills Company, woollens, Norwalk, Conn., 10 per cent., Stott's Mill, cotton goods, Lowell, Mass., 5 per cent. now and 5 more in September; John N. Stearns & Co., silk manufacturers, Williamsport, Pa., 1 cent per yard, 400 employees; Paige Tube Company, Warren, O., 10 per cent.; Minnesota Iron Company, operating all the iron ore mines on the Vermilion range, 10 per cent.; Oil City Tube Mills and Oil City Boiler Works, Oil City, Pa., 10 per cent., 1000 men; Hamilton and Ludington Mines, Iron Mountain, Michigan; the Nichols Mill, Tarkiln, R. I.; Morristown Woollen Company, Morristown, Pa., 10 per cent.; Union Mills, Moosup, Conn.; National Tube Works and Rolling Mills, McKeesport, Pa., increase of 10 per cent., 5000 employees; Riverside Iron Company, Wheeling, West Va., increase of 10 per cent., 2000 employees; Wheeling Steel and Iron Company, Wheeling, West Va., increase of 10 per cent., restoring the old rates, 3800 employees; Peabody Mills, Newburyport, Mass., increase of 10 per cent., ordered for May 27; tanners in Sheboygan, Wis., increase amounting to one-half of the reduction made in 1892; Carrie Furnaces, near Braddock, Pa., increase of 10 per cent., 550 employees; coat makers in Baltimore, an increase of from 20 to 30 per cent., granted on May 9, 4000 workmen; iron furnaces at Sharon, Sharpsville, and West Middlesex, Pa., increase granted on May 9, 1,500 men; Spang, Chalfant & Co., iron manufacturers, Pittsburg, Pa., puddling rate increased to $4; garment workers in Philadelphia, 58 contractors have increased wages since May 1, 5,000 employees affected; Phoenix Iron works, Meadville, Pa., 10 per cent. on May 6, 125 men; Nut and Washer Manufacturing Company, Milwaukee, Wis., 10 per cent.; Moorhead Brothers, Iron Manufacturers, Pittsburg, Pa., advance of 10 cents per ton to puddlers; Sligo Iron Works, Pittsburg, Pa., advance of 40 cents per ton to puddlers; Denison & Co., knit goods, Stillwater, N. Y., increase of 5 per cent; Ashland Mills Jewett City, Conn., increase of 10 per cent. on May 13; Springvale Cotton Mills, Springvale, Me., increase of 6¼ per cent., this being half of the reduction made in 1893; foundries in Cleveland, Ohio, wages of 500 moulders increased by 10 per cent. on May 1; D. Cummings & Co., shoe manufacturers, South Berwick, Me., 10 per cent. on May 6; Thomas Furnace Company, Niles, Ohio, increase of 15 per cent. on May 6, this being a restoration of old wages; iron furnaces in the vicinity of New Castle, Pa., "former wages restored" on May 2, "the total reductions had aggregated 30 per cent.," 500 men; Oliver Iron and Steel Company, Pittsburg, Pa., wages of puddlers advanced to $4 per ton; Waltham Bleachery, Waltham, Mass., increase of 10 per cent., being a restoration of the rate paid before the reduction of November, 1893, 200 employees; Woodstock Woollen Mills, Norristown, Pa., an increase of 10 per cent. has been refused and the employees are on strike for 20 per cent.; Norwich Mills Company, woollen goods, Norwich, Conn., old scale restored last week, 200 employees; Cleveland Hematite Iron mine, Michigan, dispatches say that wages were increased by 10 per cent. some weeks ago, and that the miners are on strike for 10 per cent. more; the Carnegie Steel Company, nearly 15,000 men employed at the Edgar Thomson furnace, Edgar Thomson Steel Works, Duquesne Steel Works, Homestead Steel Works, Lucy furnaces, Keystone Bridge Works, Upper Union Mills, Lower Union Mills, and Beaver Falls Mills, voluntary increase of 10 per cent. from June 1; Jones & Laughlin, American Iron Works, at Pittsburg, voluntary increase of 10 per cent. on May 16, 4000 employees affected; Salem Wire Nail Company and Findlay Wire Nail Company, Findlay, Ohio, increase of 10 per cent. on May 18, 6000 employees; Lindsay & McCutcheon's Keystone Mill, Pittsburg, Pa., puddlers' wages increased from $3 to $4 per ton on May 18; Fall River Machine Company, Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio, increase of 10 per cent. on May 18, 500 men; Bellaire Steel Works, Bellaire, Ohio, increase of 15 per cent., 500 men; William Wood & Co., Philadelphia, weavers' wages increased by 2 cents a yard; W. H. Grundy, worsted mill, Bristol, Pa., increase of 5 per cent.; Minnesota Iron Company, advance in the company's mines in the Mesaba range, in all, 2700 men affected; Biwabik Ore Company iron ore mines in Mesaba range, increase of 10 per cent.; Berkshire Cotton Mills, Adams, Mass., increase ordered to take effect on May 20; Delaware Iron Works, Wilmington, Del., increase of 10 per cent., beginning May 13, 200 men; Moorhead Brothers, Vesuvius Iron Works, Sharpsburg, Pa., increase of 15 per cent., on May 13, 350 employees; Bellaire Nail Company, Bellaire, Ohio, increase of 15 per cent.; Pencoyd Iron Works, West Manayunk, Pa., increase of 10 per cent., beginning May 26, 3000 men; Newichiwanick Manufacturing Company, blankets, South Berwick, Me., increase of 5 per cent., 300 employees."

Montreal Herald:—Dr. Montague says that the Liberals when in office before made a record for blundering, stupidity and incapacity. No doubt. They had no Onderdonk hauls, no Quebec harbor steals, no Esquimalt dock raids, no Tay canal, no Edward Cochrane selling appointments, no Curran bridge, no Caraquet railway. Nor did their leader regard loquacity as the only qualification for the holding of high office. The Liberals undoubtedly, judging by the present standards, were slowly and absurdly stupid in failing to appreciate the opportunities which the possession of office opened to them and their friends.

There is apparently a concerted effort on the part of a large number of Conservative papers to "boom" Dr. Montague for the party leadership. What is known as the "Haggart wing" of the party, composed of the minister of railways and his following, is striving to induce the whole party to look upon the secretary of state as the coming man who will galvanize the effete organization. The papers in sympathy with this wing are industriously encouraging the idea, and to this end the speech recently delivered by the doctor is lauded to the skies. The organic effort is a most laborious one, for the reason that it meets with no encouraging response; the public refuses to be "fired" by the doctor's windy oratory. On the contrary it is cruelly and irreverently inclined to laugh at the speech, as worthy only of the man who earned for himself the title of the "windbag from Haldimand." The opinion of Sir John Macdonald is also brought to mind—that Dr. Montague was good for making long speeches and good for nothing else. But then, in the country of the blind the one-eyed man is king, and our good friends on the Conservative side finding themselves so poorly off in leadership material are perhaps fully justified in "booming" what they have.

SAANICH AND THE ISLANDS.

Trade, Travel and Scenery—Additional Notes of a Tour.

Our northern correspondent sends a few additional notes relative to his recent trip to Saanich and the islands:

The Victoria & Sidney Railway is proving an important factor for the city of Victoria, both as regards passenger travel and goods traffic. The new venture is a success to the promoters and of great advantage to residents near the line of railway, whether viewed from a travel standpoint or in the transport of goods or farm produce; and its value is enhanced by having a connection established with a special steamer beyond its terminus at Sidney, which is about 17 miles from Victoria. The trip from Victoria to Sidney is varied and pleasant. Leaving the station at Hillside avenue, the lofty, rocky bluffs—Mount Tolmie and Mount Douglas—rising from fertile, well cultivated fields, are on the right with "Big Saanich" on the left. Skirting through roads and clearances along the Lake District, almost due north, the train passes within sight of Beaver and Elk lakes, whence the supply of our city city water is obtained. Saanichton station is soon reached, the centre of Saanich district, celebrated for its fine farms and productive orchards, which extend at intervals along the length of the whole peninsula beyond the railway terminus at Sidney. The business affairs of the railway appear to be economically conducted under T. W. Paterson as general manager; Peter Dunlevy, president; Julius Brethour, vice-president; Henry Brethour and Samuel Rounding, directors. The management so far gives good satisfaction to the public. At Sidney a spacious grove, containing lofty trees, on a rising ground along the sea-shore, has been reserved by the company, and the surface levelled for the accommodation of excursion parties. Seats and swings are improvised at different places, and in a central, shady spot a floor has been laid and enclosed for the use of those who wish to "shake the light fantastic toe." The view eastward is magnificent, reaching across to the mainland and including Mount Baker, immediately opposite, towering above the distant horizon. On the evening of the 3rd instant the view of the extinct crater from Sidney grove was sublime. At that time it happened there was a clear space of sky over the mountain, which was entirely covered with snow, whilst the nearer portion of the mainland, islands and channels were shaded by clouds. The panorama, with the immense silvery cone in the background, was exquisite, and the view lasted until sunset. The vista southward by Cordova channel, and across Haro strait, including the snowclad Olympic range and the various intervening islands (one of the nearest being the contested island—San Juan, whose residents now would fain be attached to British Columbia) is magnificently grand. Northwards the scenery is romantic, embracing the high bluff, Cape Keppel, the southern point of Salt Spring island; also portions of Pender, Prevost and Galiano islands. Amongst this enchanting scenery the steamer "Mary Hare," commanded by Captain Hare, a "master mariner," makes daily trips in connection with the railway at Sidney. The trips are so arranged that parties can remain over at certain points to suit the time at their command, either picnickers or tourists.

The establishment of flax works at Sidney is spoken of; also brick works, as the clays of the neighborhood are superior. Taken together, the outlook of the Saanich peninsula and its numerous island dependencies is bright for 1895, and doubtless will continue, as settlement there has greatly increased during the last few years—yet there is room for additional thousands of industrious settlers, shepherds, fruit-raisers and fishermen.

A Good Appetite

Always accompanies good health, and an absence of appetite is an indication of something wrong. The loss of a rational desire for food is soon followed by lack of strength, for when the supply of fuel is cut off the fire burns low. The system gets into a low state and is liable to severe attacks of disease. The universal testimony given by those who have used Hood's Sarsaparilla, as to its great merits in restoring and sharpening the appetite, in promoting healthy action of the digestive organs, and as a purifier of the blood, constitutes the strongest recommendation that can be urged for any medicine. Those who have never used Hood's Sarsaparilla should surely do so this season.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

Several complaints of inferior quality of Rolled Oats have of late reached us; we therefore beg to state that we are only responsible for quality of goods put up in [illegible] and branded with our name. The Brackman & Ker Milling Co., Limited Liability.

Dashaway—I had no idea that your family was such an old one.

Traveller (proudly)—I should say it was. Why, old man, we have some bills dating back four generations.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

H. Cuthbert & Co.
AUCTIONEERS
Are favored with instructions from
MRS. P. McF. McLEOD
TO SELL BY
AUCTION
—ON—
Tuesday, June 11th,
AT TWO P. M.,
ON THE PREMISES
The whole of the Contents of the Residence,
Including GRAND PIANO by Haines of New York.
Particulars later.
HERBERT CUTHBERT & CO,
Leading Auctioneers.

SUICIDE IN EUROPE.

Three Times as Many Men as Women is the Proportion.

The number of suicides in England for 1893, according to the registrar-general's report, was three times as high for the male as for the female sex, and this proportion appears to be correct not only for England, but for the whole of Europe. In his work on suicide, Mr. Wescott gives this as the regular figure, that has not varied since statistics have been made.

The critical age for suicide is from forty-five to fifty-five, always with marked predominance for the male sex. In younger years, on the other hand, women appear more readily disposed to end their existence than men, as the number of suicides below the age of fifteen is higher among young girls than among young men.

According to the above mentioned report, there were in 1893 112 suicides below the age of twenty years. At the other extreme, 342 persons, after having kept up the struggle for life for sixty-five years or more, finally gave it up and sought their final rest in self destruction. Eight of them even were more than eighty-five years of age, and had not at that time of life sufficient patience to wait for its natural termination!

As to the methods of suicide, men prefer the revolver, dagger or rope. Three women only had recourse to firearms, as against 248 men; 78 to the dagger, as against 373 men, and 134 to hanging, as against 372 men. Women seem to prefer drowning, poisoning or throwing themselves from an elevation. According to Mr. Wescott, twice as many women throw themselves into the water each year as men. In England, however, this rule was not found to hold for 1893, as 363 men drowned themselves, against 218 women.

PASSENGERS.

Per ss. Mexico from San Francisco—P C Lykins and wife, A G Woolrich, Mrs Bas and daughter, J H Martin and wife, D M Linard, Mrs B Holden and daughter, J R Bass, E M Johnston, G H Haynes, Mrs R Smith, Baron Von Hartmann, B S Kennedy and 12 steerage.

Per Steamer Charmer from Vancouver—Justice Drake, T M Henderson, Hon S Tollemache, J S Clute, R J Hamilton, Miss Woodrow, E Mohun, Thos Deasy, G Madigan, E Leeson, J W Walker, A Rusta, E Pferdner, J C Byrne, W P Allen, A J McMillan, F C Gamble, J J Randolph, J Hughes, D Wilson, Mrs S Drury, J S McLellan, Peter Davies, Miss Anderson, Capt Robertson.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—Anna Bradbury, R J Walls, Miss Gregory, J Addison, Mrs H D Kay, M Poore, John Smith, G B Howard, Mrs O E Barnes, M Edwins, D H Shaw, D H Booth, Rev G W Harding, J J Berson, N Vernon, Mrs Rouke, T Headley and wife, A S Reid and wife, Mrs Snider, Mrs L Libbie, Charles White, W A Dearmount and wife, Thos Kaye and wife, F P Robbins, B Onstart, Chas Max, F L Booth, J S Booth, Emma Smith, Wm Hall, Miss Hall, W Richter, Miss Slenderman, H Schissler, A Borrem, J M Pritchard, H W Gallant, J Borden and wife, J C Cunningham, H Bramwell, A Nelson, W McKay, B D Brackman, C F Kyes, Chas Rimul, Kay L Thompson, C Cooper, Miss Bigby, C Mulberbroch and wife, Miss Redmond, M Rice, W E George, E W Landes and wife, W F Herr and wife, B D Gibson, E J Sanders, Mrs Richter, C W Morris and wife, G A Clay, L Morris and wife, E B Heron, J E Stewart, J E Hunt, J B Liverloss, W B Whitham, A Cohen, A Anderson, H Slenderman and wife.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—J C Prong, V W Mitchell, R W Trotter, P H McEwen, J Howith, W K Tulloch, Miss Smith, Miss Fraser, A C Lonckin, Dr McKechnie, A Westcott, Miss E Mayer, Mrs McNaughton, Mrs Clyde, D P Pickard, D G Walker, D M Walker, Miss S Squires, Mrs M Burgess, M Davis, Mrs Davis, F D McLellan.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Charmer from Vancouver—R J Nott, Wilson Bros, J & A Clearihue, Major & Eldridge, Fell & Co, J W Anderson, Martin & R, Erskine Wall & Co, Col In Rev, H B Co, Blackie & McKinnon, Geo Powell & Co, H Bornstein, J H Warner, Perry & Turner, R W Higginbotham, W Lough, W R Lawson, Watson & G, W Bowness, Weiler Bros, Dom Ex Co.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—Todd & Son, J B Taylor, T J Trapp & Co, M R Smith & Co, J Rosenberger, H B Starkey, R Leitch, Hibben & Co, Weiler Bros, B H E Furniture Co, T H Robson, J Eaton, H B Co, J Carne, John Cochrane, est Geo Morrison, C E Jones, McMillan & Hamilton, T H Stewart, L Goodacre.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—Langley & Co, D H Ross & Co, John Wilson & Co, E B Stewart, H B Co, E B Oxley, J A Ritchie, J Saunders, Wilson Bros, S Schown, W H Beveridge.

Per ss. Mexico from San Francisco—[illegible] Marvin, C W R Co, D H Ross Co, D Spencer, W J Saunders & Co, Erskine, Wall & Co, F S Stewart, Fell & Co, J Barnsley & Co, J & A Clearihue, Langley & Co, Nicholles & Renouf, P McQuade & Son, R Baker & Son, E T Hibben, Speed Bros, S Leiser, S Leiser & Co, Thos Earle, Thos W Fletcher, Vic Steam Laundry, Vale & Brooks, Wilson Bros, Wm Goodchild, W H Adams, S H Webb, W C Pierce, Joseph D Rae, Westminster & Vancouver Tramway Co, F Delagne, Weatly, & Hall, S Philip, C E Turner, F R Stewart, G Wragg, McMillan & Hamilton, Ormond Skinner & Co, Winch & Bower, Wells Fargo Co.

One hundred Government street is now the site of the Prescription Drug store of C. H. Bowes, formerly of Johnson Street. Purity and accuracy are two of his watchwords.

BRIEF LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Hammocks at Weiler Bros. •

—Galvanized wire chicken fencing at cut prices. Shore's hardware. •

—The First Presbyterian church strawberry social takes place Wednesday.

—Closing out sale tinware at Shore's hardware, 57 Johnson street. Come and see prices. •

—There will be a meeting of the local Council of Women of Victoria Monday afternoon at 3:30.

—A man named O'Brien was arrested this afternoon charged with breaking windows in Chinatown.

—The anniversary meeting of the mission band of Centennial Methodist church was held last night.

—A promenade concert and strawberry social will be given by the ladies' auxiliary of the Jubilee hospital in the A.O.U.W. Hall, Yates street, the 22nd inst.

—The members of the B.C.B.G.A. will assemble at the Drill Hall at 10:15 tomorrow morning and march to Christ Church Cathedral, where they will attend divine service.

—Canon Beanlands, vice-president for the province of the Boys' Brigade, was present at the drill of the battalion last night. Canon Beanlands complimented the boys upon their proficiency and soldierly bearing.

—A large bill-board, 22 feet in height, is being erected on Government street below Johnson. The board, which is built as a face on the two old wooden shacks used as a storehouse for hay, is a decided improvement to the locality.

—Tuesday is St. Barnabas day in the ritual of the Church of England. The festival will be observed here by special services. There will be a Holy Eucharist at 8 in the morning and festal evensong and sermon at the same hour in the evening.

—The Aberdeen reception deficit concert committee at a meeting held last night reported a sale of tickets totalling about $400. Eight hundred dollars is the deficit, and to make up the other $400 it was decided to prosecute an active canvass among the citizens.

—The Victoria companies of the Garrison Artillery will probably go to Vancouver on Dominion Day. A letter has been received from Mayor Townley, of Vancouver, saying that an appropriation will likely be made for the purpose of taking the Victoria companies to the terminal city.

—A party of Washington Oddfellows and their lady friends arrived over from the Sound by the City of Kingston last night. Henry Waller and W. Holmes, prominent members of the local order, piloted the fellow craftsmen and lady friends around the city to view the sights of interest.

—Measles seem to have superseded la grippe as a fashionable complaint. There are twenty-five cases at the Protestant orphanage. They are, luckily, all of a mild nature, and the little ones will soon be about again. The disease has been quite prevalent for some time past and a few cases of a malignant nature have been reported.

—Dr. Campbell lectured before the Sir William Wallace Society last night on: "Would it be beneficial for Canada to become independent?" There were recitations, songs and instrumental music. A. J. Pineo will lecture at the next meeting of the association on the "Geology of the primeval world."

—The choir of the First Presbyterian church have now under rehearsal the very seasonable operatic cantata, "The Haymakers," by Dr. G. F. Root, the famous American composer. The leading parts will be taken by the following ladies and gentlemen: Mary and Anna, farmers' daughters, Miss Wilson, Mrs. Gregson; farmer, Mr. John Cochrane; William, 1st assistant, Mr. G. F. Watson; John, 2nd assistant, R. Wilson; Simpkins, a city dude, W. D. Kinnaird; conductor, J. G. Brown; accompanist, Mrs. L. Hall. The chorus will number between 30 and 40 voices. The date of its production is fixed for Wednesday, the 26th inst.

—All kinds of cutlery at Fox's. •

—Camping outfits at Weiler Bros. •

—Buy your tea at Hardress Clarke's.

—The best assortment of pocket cutlery at Shore's hardware, 57 Johnson. •

—The Mischief left at 10 last night for the west coast. She had a good cargo of freight and several passengers.

—Thomas Fletcher has removed from Fort street to the place formerly occupied by D. Campbell on Government street.

—The expressmen of the city contemplate holding a gigantic excursion to Florence lake and vicinity on the 30th of June. They intend to give the entire use of their conveyances free of charge on that particular date.

—The N. P. R. steamship Victoria arrived from the Sound shortly before noon to-day and left during the afternoon for the Orient. She had the usual full load of freight and a number of passengers. Twenty Chinamen took passage from here.

—Schoolboys' clothes; long or short trousers, differ from men's only in price; long trouser suits begin at $6 and stop short of extravagance; short trouser suits, very low, begin at $2.50; money back if you want it. Cameron, the Cash Clothier, 55 Johnson street.

—The Mexico arrived at four this morning from San Francisco. She was over a day late. The delay was caused by head winds which she encountered all the way up. She had aboard 112 passengers. There were thirty for Victoria and eighty tons of freight.

—In the case of the child of Mr. Phipps, killed by the south bound train on the E. & N. yesterday morning, the coroner's jury returned a verdict of accidental death. The evidence was clear that the engineer tried to stop his train, but did not succeed in time.

—The investigation into the trouble at the South Park school resulted in the complete exoneration of Miss Cameron, the principal. On motion of Trustee Lovell, seconded by Trustee Marchant, it was unanimously resolved that "in view of the evidence Miss Cameron is exonerated from all charges and sustained by this board in the punishment awarded."

—Ensign Patterson, of the Salvation Army Food and Shelter Home, desires to thank all who have interested themselves in the Home during the past week. Donations have been received from the following friends: A Friend, Friend, per H. Hearns, H. Clay, L. Goodacre, S. Schoen, B. Harrison, R. Lettice, Puget Sound Flour Co., per D. H. R. & Co., Mr. Bull, Mrs. Goffin.

—The axle of a watering cart driven by George Bridges broke yesterday near the corner of Blanchard and Yates streets and the driver met with a serious accident. He was thrown from his seat, the cart falling upon him, breaking one of his limbs and crushing the foot and ankle of the other. The unfortunate man was taken to St. Joseph's hospital and is much better to-day. Amputation may be necessary.

—Capt. Van Bremer died at Santa Barbara, Cal., on Thursday last. The captain came to the province in 1860, and has resided here almost continuously since then. He achieved considerable notoriety on the coast a short time ago owing to his connection with the expedition which left Vancouver for Cocos island to search for a treasure said to be buried there. Many friends will be pained to hear of his death, which resulted from a severe cold contracted while at San Diego three months ago.

—Triumph Lodge, No. 16, I.O.G.T., gave a very successful concert in the Masonic Hall, Esquimalt, on Thursday evening. The following excellent programme was rendered: Piano solo, Mr. Hodge; song, Mr. Utting; duet, Messrs. Murch and Horner; song, Mr. Scrace; musical selection, Miss Clark and Mr. Ramsey; recitation, Miss M. Eckersley; song, Mr. Hardy; piano solo, Miss Isbister; song, Mr. Litton; song, Mr. Hodge; song, Mr. Ingham; musical selection, Collins and Hodge; recitation, Miss A. Eckersley, song, Mr. Gray; violin solo, Mr. Collins; song and dance, Mr. Turner; recitation, Mr. Conroy; song Mr. Smith; musical selection, Messrs. Collins and Mills. Refreshments were served during the evening.

—The sewerage commissioners have decided to write the city council asking that a joint session of the commissioners, the council and the sewerage contractors be held to amicably settle difficulties. Contractor Glover wants his claim settled on a similar basis to that of Coughlan & Mayo, and Harrison & Walkely asked 10 per cent. alleged to be still due on their award, and which they say is not included in the $9,000 award. Coughlan & Mayo require payment for certain rock excavations at $10.80 rate instead of $8.63.

Public School.

$5.00.

Lansdowne House, 86 Yates street, competition Prize Ad; 60 words; subject, "Dress Fabrics in all Shades," to be in not later than 22nd June, 1895. John Partridge.

—Cheapest place to buy best groceries at Hardress Clarke's. •

"I won't bring this bill here again!" said the angry collector. "Thanks!" exclaimed the the impecunious editor. "It will be a great relief to me if you don't."

—Arrived—New wall papers. Mellor. •

—Ice cream freezers at prices to suit everybody. Shore's hardware. •

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.
·DR·
PRICE'S
CREAM
BAKING
POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

"Carbonettes,"
THE VERY LATEST in Fine Photography. See them at Skene Lowe's studio, 63 Government street.

POLICEMAN'S NARROW ESCAPE

An Indian Takes His Revolver and Deliberately Attempts to Shoot Him.

Constable Anderson Arrives on the Scene in Time to Save the Officer.

A bottle of gin supplied to Jim, a west coast Indian, came very near being the cause of a murder on Government street early this morning. Jim was arrested on Constance street about 3 this morning by Officer Gilchrist for having liquor in his possession. The officer, after a great deal of trouble, reached Government street with his prisoner, but here the burly siwash stopped and showed fight. Officer Gilchrist proceeded to handcuff him, but he soon found that was no easy job. The Indian closed with the officer, and, putting his arms around his waist, took the officer's revolver. What followed is best told in the words of Officer Gilchrist. He said: "Seeing the prisoner had my revolver I threw him and we both fell into a narrow alley-way. I felt the muzzle of the revolver pressed to my temple and then the trigger was pulled, but luckily I had my thumb behind the hammer. The hammer caused the bruise on my thumb. (Bruise shown to court). The Indian pulled the trigger a second time, causing another bruise on my thumb. I struggled with him for nearly half an hour, when Constable Anderson came to my assistance. It took the two of us twenty minutes to take the prisoner to the lockup. I was just about exhausted when Constable Anderson arrived, and would soon have been overpowered."

It was just by chance that officer Anderson passed the spot where the fight was in progress. He was at the lockup intending to go home, but changed his mind and walked down to Government street, where he saw the struggle. There is little doubt but Officer Gilchrist would have been murdered had Officer Anderson not arrived when he did. The wounds on his thumb show quite plainly that the trigger was pulled more than once. Every chamber in the weapon was loaded.

During the trouble the Indian said, "You killed two of my cousins and you are going to die now." He was, no doubt, referring to the two west coast Indians killed at different times by police officers.

The Indian was fined $25 for having liquor and committed for trial on the charge of assaulting an officer. Police Magistrate Macrae did not consider the punishment he could impose adequate.

The prisoner is a very heavy and muscular man. The police are now looking for the man who supplied the liquor that caused the trouble.

SUNDAY IN CITY CHURCHES.

Where and How Victorians Will Worship To-Morrow.

St. Paul's Presbyterian Church, Victoria West.—Services at the usual hour. Rev. D. Macrae, pastor.

Church of Our Lord, R.E.—Bishop Cridge will preach in the morning and evening. Subject of morning sermon, "Preaching to the spirits in prison."

St. Barnabas Church, corner of Cook st. and Caledonia ave.—Trinity Sunday, June 9th—Holy eucharist, 8 a.m., matins, litany and sermon, 11 a.m.; children's flower service, 3 p.m.; evensong and sermon, 7 p.m. Priest in charge, Rev. J. B. Haslam. All seats free, strangers welcome.

St. Barnabas' Day, Tuesday, June 11th—Holy eucharist, 8 a.m.; festal evensong and sermon, 8 p.m. Further particulars will be given in Monday evening's Times.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian, corner of Douglas and Broughton streets; pastor, Rev. W. L. Clay, B.A.—Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sunday school and Bible class at 2:30 p.m.

Metropolitan Methodist Church—Services at 11 a.m. by the pastor, Rev. S. Cleaver, M.A., and at 7 p.m. Conductor Snider, the eloquent preacher and lecturer from Ontario, will occupy the pulpit. Sunday school and Bible class at 2:30 p.m.

James Bay Presbyterian Church—Services morning and evening as usual.

Calvary Baptist Church, Herald street; Rev. Ralph Trotter, B.Th., pastor.—The usual services will be held morning and evening. 11 a.m., Rev. P. H. McEwen will conduct the services. 7 p.m., the pastor will preach. Subject, "The great lawsuit." 2:30 p.m., Sunday school; 6:15 p.m., B.Y.P.U. prayer meeting; Monday, 8 p.m., B.Y.P.U. literary meeting and Sunday school annual meeting. Tuesday, 8 p.m., the annual church meeting. Thursday, 8 p.m., the people's prayer meeting. You are invited.

Theosophical Society, 28 Broad street, Williams Block—Public meeting at 8:15 p.m. Subject, "Man."

At Oxford the proctor's chief attendant is called marshal. A supercilious would-be witty young barrister had to examine one of these functionaries. He began: "You are the proctor's bull-dog I think." "I am the proctor's marshal, sir." "Oh, no! you're the bull-dog; I shall call you the bull-dog."

"As you please, sir," was the calm reply; "all the cads in town call me so."

See Our New Designs
WALL PAPERS.
See Our Prices
J. W. MELLOR, - 76, 78 Fort Street, Above Douglas

No

We are not giving away goods, nor are we, as might be supposed, selling below cost. We have been, however, for the past three months teaching our competitors that it does not pay to ask customers high prices, for while they have been sitting idle asking big prices for poor and old fashioned goods, we have been brim full of business, selling new and nobby goods, which only we sell in Victoria, and we have lots

More

Of them at lower prices than others are asking for goods which every cheap John store exhibits. We have the biggest stock of these on the coast and even though they did come

High

The well dressed man must have them. But they don't come high. They are the best, the cheapest and newest in the market. Live people like to patronize a live business firm. We don't ask your trade on account of friendship or love. If we can't give you the best value in the city we would be foolish to expect your orders; but the fact remains that you must patronize us to get value for your money. We have the largest stock, the best workmen, the leading styles and lowest

Prices.

GEO. R. JACKSON,
Five Sisters Block,
57 Government St.

For
First-class
Footwear,
Faultless
Fit and
Finest
Finish, in
Foremost
Fashions, at
Fairest
Figures,
Blacks and
Tans.
A. B. ERSKINE,
Corner Government and Johnson Streets

A. DUNCAN,
aged 15,
Dorchester Street, Montreal,
Won the First Prize,
in the BABY'S OWN SOAP CO.
PRIZE COMPETITION,
for the week ending April 13th, with the following illustrated advertisement:

If mothers, all, would be so wise,
As just to follow our advice,
We're sure they would be satisfied,
If only once our soap they tried.
A baby's always mother's joy,
No matter whether girl or boy,
And it increases her delight
If baby's healthy, strong and bright.
And to ensure these blessings, she
Should always wash her sweet baby
With that, with which none else can
cope
The Baby's Own pure toilet Soap.
[illegible]
And certain, sure, to be injurious.

N.B.—A handsomely framed oleograph, (it has no advertisement matter upon it) will be given each week by the proprietors of Baby's Own Soap to the boy or girl under sixteen years of age, who will have sent during the current week, the best advertisement illustrated or not, suitable for publication in the newspapers for advertising Baby's Own Soap.

CONDITIONS:—1st. That the wrapper of a cake of Baby's Own Soap accompany the advertisement. 2nd. That the age, name (in full) and address of the competitor be plainly written and attached to the submitted advertisement.

N.B.—Two or more advertisements may be submitted at the same time by any competitor.

Address, E. D., care Albert Toilet Soap Co., [illegible]

NEWS OF OUR OWN PROVINCE

Rich Finds Reported in China Creek—General Mining Intelligence.

Renewed Activity in Hydraulic Mining—The Horsefly and Victoria.

The Nelson Miner.

An English company, represented by Mr. Hughes, is prospecting a piece of ground near Lillooet. The ground is considered good, and water will be brought from Cayuse creek, though there will be some heavy digging to be done

On the Lambert claim on Bridge river men are engaged bringing water to sluice a channel so as to divert the course of the river, exposing 1¼ miles of the bed, which is supposed to be very rich. There are rich quartz ledges farther up the river.

Mr. J. B. Hobson, manager of the Cariboo Hydraulic Company at Quesnelle, writes that more men are going into Cariboo than can find work; quite a number are destitute, and it would be charity to dissuade those who have no means from going up.

Reports of rich finds in China creek, Alberni, are brought by Mr. Henry Saunders, of Victoria. Messrs. McTenallan and Childs have claims running $1 to the cubic yard. On the Mountain Rose there is a two-foot ledge from which assays of $500 to $1,000 were got. The Alberni, further up, goes even better. Some of the China creek claims promise well.

The Victoria company has 45 men engaged on its claims on Quesnelle river opening up a ditch used some years ago and expect to have water on it in six weeks.

Forty-five claims have been staked by private parties near the Horsefly and are being worked by hand process. Some cleanups as high as an ounce a day have been made.

Geo. T. Gardner and J. Wendell will likely open two hydraulics this summer near North Bend.

Horsefly Hydraulic company stock is quoted at $25, making the total value of the property $1,500,000.

It is strange that a paper like the Spokesman Review permits itself to be so badly misinformed about matters in its neighborhood as it is. In a recent issue it states that the Silver King tramway is to end at the Nelson & Fort Sheppard depot, which is absurd as well as untrue. In another place it says that a Scotch company, of which Sir Joseph Pett is the "president," has recently taken hold of the Silver King, which is wrong again. This latter statement is made on the authority of Mr. J. Hendry of Vancouver, and the former by Mr. Dilsheimer of Spokane. As long as the paper is content to depend on the "man in the street" for its news it will go on making ridiculous blunders in this fashion.

The proprietors of the Union have about ten tons of ore on the dump. The latest assay shows $12 in gold.

The Mabel has been bonded for $5,000.

The O.K. is now turning out over $100 worth of ore a day. The new machinery works well.

F. S. Algiers and his partner have made two locations near the boundary. Samples of their ore show both gold and copper.

A. Hall and P. McCormick have located a claim called the White Elephant on Stony Creek. The ore assays $28 in gold and 70 ounces in silver. The claim has already been bonded.

The lead on the Kootenay is looking well; the ore is rich and in great quantity. There is no doubt about the bond being taken up.

The Grand Prize No. 2 is a good looking prospect with a ledge of quartz about 20 feet wide bearing auriferous pyrites and galena.

The St. Elmo has been bonded to Messrs. Loring and Crane.

M. A. Burbridge reports a rich strike of free milling ore near the boundary. Assays show an average of over an ounce of gold and a rush to that neighborhood is expected.

There has been some excitement during the last few days over some strikes on Eight Mile Creek of gold bearing ore. Claims have been staked on this creek for two or three years, but till now nothing very great was thought of them. Lately some very good assays have been made.

Two claims have been staked immediately opposite New Denver and assays of surface rock show $6 in gold.

Vernon News.

The agricultural society of New Westminster have invited His Excellency the Governor-General to open their fall exhibition in October. As our show falls on about the same date, it would be a good idea for the Okanagan and Spallumcheen Agricultural Society to endeavor to secure the presence of Lord Aberdeen before he makes any conflicting engagements.

On Monday afternoon a party of immigrants from Washington State, bound for Northern Alberta, passed through, having come up on the steamer Aberdeen. They took with them three cars of horses, among which were several fine looking animals. The Edmonton and Red Deer districts are attracting a large number of settlers this spring from the northwest American States.

There can be seen at this office a sheaf of fall rye forwarded to us from the [illegible] Mission road, which is good evidence of what this country can produce. The grain, which is a volunteer crop, is fully headed out, and on the last day of May it measured 6 feet 2 inches in length. If there is any part of this Dominion that can beat this we would be glad to hear of it.

Trout fishing in Long and Okanagan lakes is still pursued by local sportsmen, though without quite as much success as was the case earlier in the season. Mr. C. Cosens, however, met with good luck one day last week, securing five fish, the largest of which was a beautiful silver trout which weighed a little over twelve pounds and made an extremely hard fight before he got it into the boat. This is, we believe, the largest silver trout that has been caught this spring, though several of the red variety have been secured which rival it in weight.

THE SATURDAY CONCERTS.

To the Editor:—With regard to the question of the Saturday afternoon band concert question, it is not altogether fair to blame the whole council for what is in reality only the fault of two members of that body. As I understand the question from some of the aldermen, the question was decided by the mayor and Ald. McLellan, who drew up and affixed the seal of the corporation to the contract for the band, without in any way submitting the matter to the council for approval. Now, both the mayor and Ald. McLellan are worthy men—I voted for both of them—but they were not exactly the class of men to whom the council should have entrusted the sole disposal of a matter of this character; a very unimportant transaction in itself, but one which requires a liberal spirit to deal with. Both Mr. Teague and Mr. McLellan are pronounced Sabbatarians, and it was only natural to expect that, as is characteristic of men with these ideas, they would follow their inclinations. Therefore this is an instance where the seemingly harmless and common action of the council in referring things to a committee "with power to act" works prejudicially to the majority of the public. The question of who can and who cannot attend Saturday or Sunday band concerts has been so widely and generally discussed that it is not necessary to deal with it now beyond remarking that, manifestly, the concert was intended for the public, and as in all public questions the majority rules, therefore the majority should be consulted in this case. Saturday concerts were tried here before through the same influence as we see working in the present instance, and it cannot be said they were a success. Half the people could not attend them, and very few of the working people. Sunday concerts were popular in the old days and the hill was crowded with people who came from as far out of town as Esquimalt to listen to the music. Then it was a pleasure to spend Sunday afternoon on the hill and Victoria was a much pleasanter place to live in. It was noticeable, too, that even the people who are now opposing Sunday concerts were then foremost among those to monopolize the seats.

It is possible to make this band scheme self-supporting by building a nice enclosure around the band stand, and placing the seats inside. A charge of five or ten cents could be made for these seats and the proceeds applied to the band fund. If there should be any small deficit the people would gladly make it up, as they do in Montreal and other cities, but it is not likely there would be any deficiency.

I shall be glad, with many others, to know from next Monday's council meeting whether this Saturday afternoon scheme has the approval of the majority of the council. CROTCHET.

A TIGER'S YAWN.

It Had Been Photographed and was the Cause of a Lawsuit.

A somewhat curious suit was recently tried in London, in which the rights of a photographer as against an artist were thoroughly vindicated. The plaintiff, says the Westminster Gazette, was Mr. Gambier Bolton, a Fellow of the Zoological society, and he sought to recover damages for the infringement of a copyrighted photograph by publication in the Sketch, and further, an injunction was asked to restrain future publication.

Mr. Willis Chitty, for the plaintiff, said Mr. Bolton spent much of his life in the Zoological gardens and in traveling in various parts of the world taking photographs of wild animals of many kinds. In this way he had formed a collection of some 3,000 photographs, and he had formed it at great expense and considerable personal risk. Among others, he took at the Zoological gardens a photograph of a tigress yawning. The difficulty in that particular case was that the tigress was asleep and he had to wait for hours until she should awake and yawn, and then there was great doubt as to whether the yawn could be caught at a proper attitude. He registered the photograph. It would be shown that the defendant, Mr. Aldin, made a sketch of this photograph, and sold it for publication. It was published in the Sketch, and such publication, it was said, would be likely to prejudice the right of the plaintiff in his photographs, which were used largely by artists of high standing who wished to study wild animals in various attitudes.

Evidence was given that the tigress in question had a cancerous mouth, and the tigress in the sketch had the same complaint. J. B. Nettleship, artist and animal painter, expressed his opinion that the published sketch was taken from the plaintiff's photograph. It was admitted that the defendant's sketch was sold for £4. There was another evidence that the publication of the sketch would be likely to affect seriously the sale of the plaintiff's photographs.

Counsel for the defence, upon the conclusion of the evidence, submitted that the plaintiff had made out no case.

Mr. Justice Grantham said he had no doubt that the sketch was taken from the photograph and that there was an infringement of copyright. He therefore gave judgement for the plaintiff for an injunction, and he awarded him one penalty of £10 and £40 damages.

—Banish dull care by using Adams' Tutti Frutti. It aids digestion and gives tone to the system. Refuse imitations.

—Trout flies, rods, etc., at Fox's.

MAY A GOOD MONTH.

Average Cost of Patients at Jubilee Hospital the Lowest on Record.

There were present at last evening's meeting of the board of directors of the Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital, President Davies, in the chair, and Messrs. A. S. Yates, A. Wilson, I. Braverman, Thos. Shotbolt, Geo. Byrnes, Wm. Chudley, Charles Hayward, H. D. Helmcken and G. N. Brown.

The resident physician presented his report; $1.02 was the cost of each patient for the month of May. This is the lowest on record. Number of patients in the hospital on May 1st, 44; admitted during the month, 41; total, 85; discharged during May, 41; died, 1. Number of patients treated during April was: Free, 61; at $10 per week, 6; at $15 per week, 16; government pensioners, 2; total, 85; total days' stay, 1,486.

The matron reported that Misses Alison and Goward had been appointed in the places vacated by the graduation of Misses Steward and Purvis. A number of applications for admission to the nursing school have been received. There were six from Ontario, two from Lytton and one from Vancouver.

The steward presented his monthly report: Ten sacks of Hungarian flour from the Ogilvie Milling Co. and rhubarb from Mr. Elford were received. A resolution was passed thanking the donors.

Bills for May amounting to $1,494 were ordered to be paid. The treasurer reported that the amount of the pay sheet for last twelve months was $6,740.10. All the reports were received and filed.

Mr. Brown called the attention of the board to the advisability of keeping a record of all patients who may be treated at the hospital and the matter was referred to the committee of the month.

The meeting adjourned at an early hour.

Hood's Pills.

About Hood's Sarsaparilla—it expels bad humor and creates good humor. A battle for blood is what Hood's Sarsaparilla vigorously fights, and is always victorious in expelling foul taints and giving the vital fluid the quality and quantity of perfect health. It cures scrofula, salt rheum, boils and other blood diseases.

HOOD'S PILLS act easily, yet promptly and efficiently on the bowels and liver. 25c.

—Art drapery materials in latest effects at Weiler Bros.

—Insure your plate glass at Mellor's.

TRANSPORTATION.

Victoria & Sidney R'y

TIME TABLE.

GOING NORTH.

Station.	Train No.		Mon Tues Wed Thur Fri	Saturd'y	Sunday.
Victoria.......Lv	1	a.m.	7:00	7:00	9:00
	3	p.m.	4:00	2:00	2:00
Royal Oak......	1	a.m.	7:14	7:14	9:14
	3	p.m.	4:14	2:14	2:14
Elk Lake........	1	a.m.	7:23	7:23	9:23
	3	p.m	4:23	2:23	2:23
Saanichton......	1	a.m.	7:35	7:35	9:35
	3	p.m.	4:35	2:35	2:35
Sidney.........Ar	1	a.m.	7:48	7:48	9:48
	3	p.m.	4:48	2:48	2:48

GOING SOUTH.

Station.	Train No.		Mon Tues Wed Thur Fri	Saturd'y	Sunday.
Sidney........Lv	2	a.m	8:15	8:15	10:15
	4	p.m	5:15	5:15	5:00
Saanichton......	2	a.m.	8:28	8:28	10:28
	4	p m	5:28	5:28	5:13
Elk Lake........	2	a m	8:40	8:40	10:40
	4	p.m	5:40	5:40	5:25
Royal Oak.......	2	a.m	8:54	8:54	10:54
	4	p.m	5:54	5:54	5:39
Victoria ......Ar	2	a.m	9:08	9:08	11:08
	4	p.m	6:08	6:08	[illegible]

Satisfactory arrangements will be made with parties desiring to charter trains, special cars or steamer for picnics or other excursions.

Close connection made at Sidney with the Steamer "Mary Hare" for Salt Spring and other Island ports.

T. W. PATERSON,
General Manager.

—THE STEAMER—

"MARY HARE,"

Running in connection with the Victoria & Sidney Railway, will sail as follows:

MONDAYS—Leave Sidney at 8 a.m. for Cowichan Wharf, Burgoyne Bay and Vesuvius, returning to Sidney for 5 p.m. train for Victoria.

TUESDAYS—Leaves Sidney at 4 a.m. for Nanaimo, calling at Fulford, Ganges Harbor and all other way ports, returning to Ganges Harbor.

WEDNESDAYS—Leaves Ganges Harbor at 6 a.m. for Fulford and Sidney, connecting with morning train for Victoria, thence to Cowichan Wharf and Vesuvius Bay, thence to Sidney and return to Ganges Harbor.

THURSDAYS—Leaves Ganges Harbor at 7 a.m. for Sidney, calling at Mayne, Saturna, Pender and Moresby Islands and all other way ports.

FRIDAYS—Leaves Sidney at 5 p. m. for Moresby, Pender, Saturna and Mayne Islands and Ganges Harbor.

SATURDAYS—Leaves Ganges Harbor at 6 a.m. for Sidney and way ports.

For rates and fares and other information apply to M. Hare, Manager, on board the steamer, or to Victoria & Sidney Railway Company's Agents. m31

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

Str. JOAN,

L. F. LOCKE, Master.

Sails as follows, calling at way ports as freight and passengers may offer.

Lv Victoria ....Tuesday, 7 a.m.
Lv. Nanaimo for Comox, Wednesday, 7 a.m.
Lv. Comox for Nanaimo ....Friday, 7 a.m.
Lv. Nanaimo for Victoria, Saturday 7 a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria station, Store Street. ap25

TRANSPORTATION.

HONOLULU, BY O. S. S. CO.
ONLY SEVEN DAYS!

The Oceanic Steamship Company

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf foot of Folsom Street, San Francisco

FOR HONOLULU ONLY

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Saturday, July 6th, 1895, at 2 p.m.

For passage apply to 138 Montgomery St.
For freight apply to 327 Market street.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New 5,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer Monowai, Thursday, June 27, at 8 p.m.
Or immediately on arrival of the English Mails.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO.
General Agents.

or W. WEBSTER,
District Agent.

H. E. CONNON, Agent,
Bastion Square, Victoria

CAPT. WM. WEBSTER,
Agent for Puget Sound Territory

Thos. F. Oakes, Henry C. Payne, Henry C Rouse, Receivers

NORTHERN PACIFIC

—RUNS—

Pullman Sleeping Cars,
Elegant Dining Cars,
Tourist Sleeping Cars,

To

St. Paul,
Minneapolis,
Duluth,
Fargo,
Grand Forks
Cookston,
Winnipeg,
Helena and
Butte.

THROUGH TICKETS

To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and All Points East and South.

TIME SCHEDULE.

SPEED	Victoria Route.	TONNAGE
18 knots	S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON."	1147

8 30 pm	Lv	M'l	*Victoria...	110	Ar	4 30 pm
11 45 pm	Lv	38	P't Townsend	72	Lv	1 30 pm
3 00 am	Lv	82	...Seattle....	28	Lv	10 15 am
4 45 am	Ar	110	*Tacoma..	M'l	Lv	8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Monday.

E. E. BLACKWOOD
Freight and Passenger Agent,
Victoria, B.C.

A. D. CHARLTON,
Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent,
No. 255 Morrison St., corner of Third St.,
Portland, Or.

GREAT NORTHERN

Shortest and Quickest Line

..TO..

St. Paul, Minneapolis,
Duluth, Chicago,
New York, Boston,
And all U. S. Points,

..ALSO TO..

Toronto, Hamilton,
Montreal, Quebec,
And All Eastern Canadian Points.

Daylight Run over the Cascade and Rocky Mountains.

...The Grandest Scenery...

IN AMERICA.

SUPERB BUFFET, ELEGANT DINING, PALACE SLEEPING AND COSY TOURIST CARS.

Magnificent Fleet of Steamers on Great Lakes

For tickets, etc., see

H. MARTIN,
75 Government Street.

Spokane Falls & Northern Ry.

NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.

ALL RAIL TO NELSON, B. C

The only through line to Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Slocan Points.

THROUGH TRAINS SEMI-WEEKLY.

Daily except Sunday, between Spokane and Marcus.

7.00 a.m Lv... SPOKANE... Ar. 5.30 p.m.

—Commencing January 8th, on Wednesdays and Saturdays Trains will run through, arriving at Nelson at 5:40 p.m.; making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 9:00 p.m. same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane at 5:30 p.m. same days.

TRANSPORTATION.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 24

To take effect at 8 a.m. on Friday, April 5, 1895. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

North Bound, Read Down. No. 2 Pass. Daily.	North Bound, Read Down. No. 4 Pass. Fri, Sat, Su.	Miles from Victoria	STATIONS.	Miles from Wellington	South Bound, Read Up. No. 1 Pass. Daily.	South Bound, Read Up. No. 3 Pass. Fri, Sat, Su.
De. 8.00 am	De. 4.30 pm		Victoria	78	Ar 12.30 pm	Ar. 8.20 pm
" 8.04	" 4.35	1	Russell's	77	" 12.16	" 8.25
" 8.14	" 4.43	4	Esquimalt	74	" 12.08	" 8.18
" 8.17	" 5.00	5	Stewart's	73	" 12.03	" 8.15
" 8.29	" 5.06	6	Parson's Bridge	72	" 12.00	" 8.12
" 8.37	" 5.15	8	Langford	70	" 11.53	" 8.06
" 8.47	" 5.24	11	Goldstream	67	" 11.43	" 7.57
" 9.05	" 5.32	20	Summit Siding	58	" 11.15	" 7.31
" 9.21	" 6.13	23	Shawnigan Lake	55	" 10.50	" 7.10
" 9.40	" 6.22	28	Cobble Hill	50	" 10.40	" 7.00
" 9.55	" 6.31	31	McPherson's	47	" 10.35	" 6.53
" 10.03	" 6.36	36	Koksilah	42	" 10.15	" 6.46
" 10.10	" 6.42	38	Duncan's	40	" 10.10	" 6.42
" 10.20	" 6.46	40	Somenos	38	" 10.00	" 6.33
" 10.37	" 6.56	45	Westholme	33	" 9.52	" 6.26
" 10.42	" 7.06	47	Chemainus	31	" 9.38	" 6.18
" 11.00	" 7.31	52	Oyster Bay Siding	26	" 9.20	" 5.57
" 11.09	" 7.35	59	Oyster Bay	19	" 9.11	" 5.43
" 11.40	" 8.00	73	Nanaimo	5	" 8.40	" 5.13
Ar 12.00 m.	Ar 8.25	78	Wellington		De. 8.20 am	De. 5.00 pm

On Fridays, Saturdays and Sundays.

Return tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Sunday.

Return tickets for one and half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days including day of issue.

No return tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent, Victoria, Duncan's and Nanaimo Stations.

A. DUNSMUIR, President.
JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen. Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

IF YOU ARE GOING EAST

TAKE THE

CANADIAN AND SOO-PACIFIC ROUTE . . .

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE

..TO..

Minneapolis,
St. Paul,
Omaha,
Kansas City,
Toronto,
Chicago &
Montreal

Running through sleepers and upholstered Tourist cars without change, through the grandest scenery in America.

For rates and all information apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY,
Agent, Victoria.

GEO. McL. BROWN,
Dist. Pass. Agent, Vancouver.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 26,

Taking effect March 1st, 1895.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday, at 2 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going east Monday).

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Moresby Island, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Ft. Simpson and intermediate ports via Vancouver the first and 15th of each month at 8 o'clock p.m. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.
[illegible] Manager.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 5 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails

FROM OUTER WHARF AT 8 P.M.

UMATILLA, JUNE 12

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

JUST ARRIVED a large consignment of Men's **SUMMER SUITS.** These Goods were part of a **BANKRUPT STOCK** and bought at a **BIG DISCOUNT FOR CASH** and will be sold **CHEAP.** See these Prices: $5, $6.90, $7.50, $8.75 per Suit. Worth **DOUBLE** the figures.

B. Williams & Co., Clothiers and Hatters, 97 Johnson St.

A CARLETON CO. MIRACLE

BACK TO HEALTH AFTER YEARS OF EXTREME SUFFERING.

Yielded to the Advice of a Friend and Obtained Results Three Doctors Had Failed to Secure.

From the Ottawa Journal.

Mr. George Argue is one of the best known farmers in the vicinity of North Gower. He has passed through an experience as painful as it is remarkable, and his story as told a reporter will perhaps be of value to others. "I was born in the county of Carleton," said Mr. Argue, and have lived all my life within 20 miles of the city of Ottawa. Ten years of that time have been years of pain and misery almost beyond endurance. Eleven years ago I contracted a cold which resulted in pleurisy and inflammation of the lungs. Other complications then followed and I was confined to my room for five years. The doctor who attended me through that long illness said that the reason I was unable to move about was due to the contracting of the muscles and nerves of my hands and feet through long confinement to bed. I could hobble around a little on crutches, but was well nigh helpless. At this stage a second doctor was called in who declared my trouble was spinal complaint. Nothwithstanding medical advice and treatment I was sinking lower and lower, and was regarded as incurable. I was now in such a state that I was unable to leave my bed, but determined to find a cure if possible, and sent for one of the most able physicians in Ottawa. I was under his care and treatment for three years. He blistered my back every three or four weeks and exerted all his skill, but in vain. I was growing weaker and weaker and began to think the end could not be far off. At this juncture a friend strongly urged me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I yielded to his solicitations, and by the time six boxes of pills were used I found myself getting better. I used in all 30 boxes, and they have accomplished what ten years of treatment under physicians failed to do. Thanks to this wonderful medicine, I am able to attend to my duties and am as free from disease as any man in ordinary health is expected to be. I still use Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and they are the medicine for me, and so long as I live I shall use no other. If I had got these pills ten years ago I am satisfied I would not have suffered as I did, and would have saved some hundreds of dollars doctor bills. It is only those who have passed through such a terrible siege as I have done who can fully realize the wonderful merit of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

I could hobble around on crutches.

Mr. Argue's experience should convince even the most skeptical that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills stand far in advance of other medicines and are one of the greatest discoveries of the age. There is no disease due to poor or watery blood or shattered nerves which will not speedily yield to this treatment and innumerable cases patients have been restored to health and strength after physicians have pronounced the dreaded word "incurable." Sold by all dealers in medicine or sent by mail postpaid, at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 by addressing the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont., or Schenectady, N. Y. Refuse imitations and do not be persuaded to try something else.

HIS WHISKERS FOR HIS JOB.

How a Discharged Philadelphia Porter Fooled His Employer.

A good story is told at the expense of a prominent Chestnut street hotel keeper. Employed as a porter about the hotel was an elderly man named Mike, who had been an attache of the hotel for about eight years. His most prominent feature, and one of which he was very proud, was a beard of luxuriant growth. One day last week the proprietor of the hostelry was pacing the lobby when Mike happened to pass. The proprietor was in a very disagreeable frame of mind, and he stopped and looked at Mike with an evil light in his eye.

"Come here, you!" he yelled at the porter. "How long have you been here?"

"Nigh onto eight years, sir."

"Well, you've been here long enough. You needn't come back to-morrow. I'm tired of seeing you about."

[illegible] went to his friend, the clerk, and told him all about it.

"What'll I do?" said he. "Oi've a woife an' family fur t' support, an' Oi can't get another job."

The clerk thought for a moment and then said, suddenly: "I have it. You go home and shave off your beard, and then go to the boss and tell him you heard he needed a porter."

Mike followed this advice the next day, and secured the situation, becoming his own successor. The proprietor has never suspected the trick.—Philadelphia Record.

—Errors in diet corrected by the use of Adams' Tutti Frutti. See that Tutti Frutti is on each five cent package.

UNIVERSITIES OF EUROPE.

They Number 170 With Nearly 200,000 Students

It is interesting to observe that as the Dark Ages, as they were called, were passing away, institutions of learning with more or less light began to spring up in Europe and to exert their beneficent influence in diffusing knowledge and reforming the world. During the twelfth century three universities were founded in Europe. The first of these was the University of Bologna, Italy, which was founded A. D. 1190, 400 years before the beginning of the Reformation. It is said, indeed, that this venerable seat of learning was founded by Theodosius II., in the fifth century, but if this were so it had probably fallen into decay, and was restored or founded anew in the early part of the thirteenth century. By the middle of the thirteenth century the University of Bologna hd attained great popularity, and was attended by 10,000 students, a larger number than any university of Europe can boast of to-day, says a writer in the Christian Leader.

They came from all parts of the Christian world, a circumstance which shows how intense was the desire for learning at that time. And what is remarkable, this oldest and for centuries the most popular institution of learning in the world, admitted women to its halls and allowed them to hold professors' chairs and read lectures—a thing which I venture to predict will be repeated in this country and within less than half a century. There is really no reason why women should not become successful teachers, especially in the languages, ancient and modern, for which, if I mistake not, they have a taste and facility in acquisition, and also in the sciences, certainly some of them. Give women the same opportunities, set before them the same honors and rewards, and why should they not achieve success and win fame as well as the other sex?

Although the University of Bologna no longer enjoys the reputation it once had or attracts throngs of students as formerly, it still, after so many centuries of service, holds a reputable place among the universities of Europe, and can boast of having educated several Popes of the Roman Catholic church, and especially as having had, first as a student and afterward as a professor, the Cardinal Mezzofanti, a marvel of linguists, said to have spoken more than fifty languages—fifty-eight is, if I rightly remember, the exact number—but was remarkable, I believe, for nothing else.

The university of Bologna was founded, as I said, in 1119 and stood alone in all Europe for more than half a century, when in A. D. 1180 the University of Montpelier, France, was founded, and twenty years later, 1200, the University of Paris sprang into existence and began its career of perennial fame. It is to-day, in the number of its students, the largest university in Europe, having more than 9000.

The work of education so well begun in the twelfth century was nobly carried forward in the thirteenth, during which ten other universities were founded. Among them were the two great English universities, Oxford and Cambridge. It is difficult to say definitely when these famous institutions were founded. They were very small and unpretentious at the beginning. They are both the growths of time. But though so old and famous they have never been remarkable for the number of their students. Oxford is much the larger of the two, and yet does not number 1800 students, while Cambridge, if I remember, has less than 1000. Many universities much younger and with less reputation surpass them in the number of their students. Edinburgh, for instance, though by no means so popular and famous as either Oxford or Cambridge, has more students than both of them taken together, and that, too, while Scotland is much smaller than England and has fewer people. There are, indeed, more than twenty universities in Europe which are educating more students than Oxford, and more than fifty whose number of students exceed that of Cambridge.

Before the close of the fifteenth century or, to mark the date more generally, before the discovery of the western world by Columbus in 1492, and practically before the Reformation begun by Luther in the year 1517, those two great events in history, separated by only a quarter of a century, more than fifty universities had been created in Europe, a fact which shows that the Roman Catholic church was not unfriendly to the cause of education, as it has sometimes been represented. It is true, however, that that church has always wished to have the control of education, and see well to it that nothing shall be taught that might endanger its own interests, which it naturally assumed were the interests of truth and the welfare of mankind. This, however consistent with all its traditions, was certainly not always wise.

The Christian religion is in a world of thought and action, and necessarily comes in contact with all kinds of adverse influences and meets all forms of opposition, and if it is not strong enough to maintain itself and work itself in spite of all warring and resisting forces, there is nothing for it but sooner or later to fall or perish. But whoever believes Christianity believes it to be of Divine origin, and to announce the ultimate truth in relation to God and human truth and destiny, and hence it is indestructible.

The fifty universities founded in Europe during the four centuries prior to the achievements of Columbus and Martin Luther have, during the four centuries since their time, been more than trebled in number and immensely augmented in educational power. They number at present about 170, and are scattered all over Europe. And in all the better and even more important of them, I judge, the custom which bound them to the exclusive use of the Latin as "the learned language" has given way to the influence of modern times, and the education is given in the language of the people who have reared these institutions and use them.

It would be very interesting could we know what all these universities originally cost and what their money value now is. It would show what an estimate Christendom puts upon education and how much it is willing to pay to promote it. The expense of this vast investment is still going on. These institutions must not only be kept up, but they must be improved. New edifices must be built, libraries must be constantly enlarged, scientific apparatus in multiplied forms and never ending improvements must be provided, museums must be created and perpetually enlarged and money in a hundred ways is needed and must be expended in carrying forward the great an beneficent work.

What the total number of students in all the universities of Europe now is, is not accurately known, since all are not properly reported. The number of these reported, however, is very near 170,000, and were they all reported the grand result would be an army of from 175,000 to 200,000 men. And this vast host of young men, many of them the best blood and brains of all Europe, are being educated and trained, not in the noble art of war, but in the nobler arts of peace, and so fitted for the highest performance of the highest duties of citizenship, and thus also for advancing the intelligence, the virtue and welfare of mankind.

Johnston's Fluid Beef.

JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF

The Great Strength-Giver

The Most Perfect Form of Concentrated Nourishment.

Stimulating, - Strengthening, - Invigorating.

ONLY HALF EXCAVATED.

Many Discoveries May Yet be Made at Pompeii.

I learned that only about one-half of Pompeii has thus far been excavated, and that at the present rate of progress it will require at least 60 years longer to unearth the whole. Only about $6,000 or $8,000 a year are expended on the work.

The streets of Pompeii are seldom more than 24 feet wide, mostly straight from end to end. Indeed, this ancient town is quite American in the rectangularity of its plan.

Curiously enough, the Pompeian public fountains were fed from lead pipes which might worry a modern manufacturer to reproduce. Moreover, the houses received their liberal supply of water through pipes of the same metal. I saw many "cut-offs" constructed on thoroughly modern principles. Another point that surprised me was that the major part of the houses are of brick, very similar to that in use to-day, though the bricks themselves are longer and thicker. The well preserved stairways lead from the ground floors to the second, and possibly third stories. The corners and pillars are commonly of carved stone. The Pompeiian shopkeepers understood the art of signs quite as well as we do. Above an apothecary's door, for instance, is a pair of huge snakes twisted into innumerable coils; and the colors are as fresh as when first painted. Shops are to be seen everywhere, and show that much business was transacted in Pompeii. There were no windows on the streets, the life being concentrated in the interiors of their houses; and they often presented to the street a blank wall, which was decorated in gay colors, principally red and yellow, with paintings and frescoes.

Salt in the Human Body.

Science tells us that the body of every human being weighing 150 pounds, contains one pound of salt; also that every one of us needs in a year about 15 pounds of salt. If you want your 15 pounds pure, use Windsor Table Salt. It doesn't cake. Try it.

Do You Vote. Grit or Tory?

Will be a question which before long perhaps will be put to the people of this country. 'Tis important, possibly, but the daily needs of the citizens are the [illegible] And one of these needs, in the opening spring, is a Rigby coat. We want rain to break up the ice, but we do not want it down the nape of the neck, because we want to live. Rigby Porous Waterproofs are simply the best in the world. Practically Rigby is without serious rival to-day. The best advertisement is the satisfaction which Rigby has given to the thousands who have worn it. Think of its dual character—a perfect waterproof; a handsome tweed overcoat, with unlimited choice of patterns. Nothing [illegible] about it. Porous, light, and warm. Rigby is indispensable.

CEYLON TEA INDUSTRY.

An Immense Quantity of Leaves Gathered on the Island.

Some idea of the extent of the Ceylon tea industry may be gathered when it is remembered that to produce last year's crop of exported tea no less than three hundred and forty millions of pounds of green leaves were gathered from the plants and conveyed, for the most part on the backs of the pickers, to the factories for manufacture. Last year there were about 305,000 acres of land in the island planted with the tea-shrub, and there is every prospect of this acreage being doubled within another ten years.

The rise of this new industry has had the most beneficial effect on the native population of the districts to which as yet it is confined. Go where one may in the tea country there is a general air of prosperity, which extends both to places and people. As a rule, the planters' bungalows are models of neatness, and of that luxurious comfort which seems to be nowhere better understood than here. And even among the natives of the district the pervading influence of prosperity is very apparent. Of course the wages earned are small—absurdly small from our point of view—averaging certainly not more than the equivelant of five cents a day, yet this, as it is regular, and as it allows of a considerable portion of each family becoming wage-earners, is to their class a competency. There seems to be also what might almost be called a moral side to the tea business, which distinguishes it from most other kinds of labor in the fields. From first to last the tea business is scrupulously clean. The girls and men, yes, even the old women, in the teafields are clean both in person and in clothing to a degree not elsewhere to be met with among native races engaged in out-door labor. The baskets into which the leaves are put when pulled are also scrupulously clean, and when they arrive at the factory they are handed over to operatives who are even ostentatiously clean in appearance. The dark skins of the men in the withering, weighing, and packing rooms are not more glossy in their cleanliness than are those of the girls in the sorting department; and their clothing, if somewhat scanty, is at any rate a model of purity. All this is, of course, a matter of commercial policy, but it is none the less a matter which enters, and will more and more enter, into the advancing civilization of the people employed in one or other portion of the work.

—Health and happiness are relative conditions; at any rate, there can be little happiness without health. To give the body its full measure of strength and energy, the blood should be kept pure and vigorous, by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Clearance Sale of Furniture, Etc.

The immense stock of well selected furniture, carpets, curtains, oil cloths, linoleum, crockery, glassware, lamps, etc., of the Sehl-Hastie-Erskine Furniture Co., limited, will be sold at greatly reduced prices for cash. Call early and secure bargains.

ADAMS' TUTTI-FRUTTI

These gentlemen are reading the statements made by the most eminent and scientific men and Physicians regarding the merits of ADAMS' TUTTI FRUTTI as an absolute cure for Indigestion. Refuse Imitations.

Music

Re-written, Transposed, Arranged and Composed for the Voice, Piano, any instrument or combination of instruments.

JNO. M. FINN,
27 Blanchard St., Victoria.

M. A. WYLDE

Has charge of the
CITY CIRCULATION OF THE TIMES,
[illegible]

TIMES P. & P. CO.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE

By order of the County Court dated 5th inst., take notice that the undersigned has been appointed Receiver to realize the outstanding accounts and personal estate belonging to William Hazlett, grocer, Fort street. Parties indebted are required to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

JAMES SHARP.

Hudson's Bay House, Victoria, B. C., 5th June, 1895. je5-3t

Administrator's Notice.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

In the matter of the estate of Gavin Andrew, Deceased, Intestate.

Notice is hereby given that under an order granted by Mr. Justice Drake, dated the 3rd day of June, 1895, the undersigned was appointed administrator of all and singular, the goods, chattels and credits of the above deceased.

Persons having claims against the estate of the said deceased are requested to send me particulars thereof on or before the 3rd day of July, A. D., 1895, and all persons indebted to the said deceased are requested to pay such indebtedness to me forthwith.

WM. MONTEITH,
Official Administrator.

NOTICE

Is hereby given that it is my intention to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria at its next sitting, to be held on the second Wednesday in June next, for a transfer to John Berryman of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Prince of Wales Saloon, situate on the South-west corner of Government and Cormorant streets in the city of Victoria.

Dated the 4th day of May, 1895.

m11-m CORA E. TUGWELL.

Notice of Assignment.

Notice is hereby given that Ewen Morrison, of corner of Catherine and Frederick streets in the City of Victoria, B.C., Lumber Manufacturer, has by deed dated the 8th day of May, 1895, assigned all his real and personal estate liable to seizure and sale under execution, unto Lewis Young, of corner of Bridge and John streets in the said city of Victoria, Clerk, for the purpose of paying and satisfying rateably or proportionately, and without preference or priority, all the creditors their just debts. The said deed was executed by the said Ewen Morrison and by the said Lewis Young on the 8th day of May, 1895.

All creditors of the said Ewen Morrison are required to send full particulars of their claims, duly verified, to the said Lewis Young on or before the 15th day of June, 1895, after which date the said Lewis Young will proceed to distribute the assets of the said Ewen Morrison among the creditors of whose claims he shall then have received notice.

Dated at Victoria, B.C., 8th May, 1895.

F. B. GREGORY,
Solicitor for the Trustee.

A meeting of the creditors of the said Ewen Morrison will be held at the office of F. B. Gregory, Solicitor, Board of Trade Building, Victoria, B.C., on Thursday, the 16th May, 1895, at 2:30 p.m. o'clock.

LEWIS YOUNG,
m8-1m Trustee

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that at the next meeting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria, I shall apply for a transfer of my interest in the license now held by A. J. and A. Bechtel, to sell spirituous or fermented liquors by retail at the California Hotel, Johnson street, to A. Bechtel.

A. J. BECHTEL.

Victoria, B.C., May 10, 1895. m10-30

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I shall apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria for a transfer of the license now held by me to sell spirituous or fermented liquors by retail at the Palace Saloon, 56 Yates street, to Heinrich Siebenbaum.

Victoria, B. C., May 10, 1895.

m10-30t R. BORTHWICK.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that application will be made at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for a transfer of the license held by me to sell wines, spirits, beer or other fermented or intoxicating liquors, at the Teutonia Saloon, Government street, to Annie Baumgart, of the city of Victoria.

H. SIEBENBAUM.

Victoria, May 10, 1895.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria, I shall apply for a transfer of the license now held by me to sell spirituous or fermented liquors by retail, at the Western Hotel, corner of Store and Discovery streets, to James S. Rollins.

GEORGE WALKER.

Victoria, B.C., May 10th, 1895.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria, at its next sitting, for a transfer of the license for the premises known as the Bee-Hive Saloon, situate at the corner of Fort and Broad Streets, Victoria, from George Irving to John Cook, from John Cook to Fell and Company, Limited Liability, and from Fell and Company, Limited Liability, to William Croft.

Dated this 10th day of May, 1895.

GEORGE IRVING.
JOHN COOK.
FELL & CO., LTD. LB.
WILLIAM CROFT.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria, I shall apply for the transfer of the license now held by me, to sell spirituous or fermented liquors by retail at the White Horse Hotel, corner of Humboldt and McClure streets, to Patrick Cameron.

JAMES S. ROLLIN.

Victoria, May 10th, 1895. 1m

Card of Thanks.

I take this means of publicly thanking Mr. Herbert Cuthbert Cuthbert, of Messrs. H. Cuthbert & Co., for the manner in which he conducted my auction sale. The amount realized was considerably in excess of my anticipations.

W. EDGAR BUCK.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

CHANGES IN ASSESSMENT.

Reductions Made in Many Cases in Which Property Owners Appealed.

Douglas Estate Get a Reduction of Ten per Cent on Fairfield Property.

Having heard the evidence in the appeals against the assessment of the city assessor, the court of revision this morning arrived at decisions in the various cases. Many of the assessments were allowed to stand as placed by the assessor. The following changes were made:

Douglas Dick—Lot 5, block 74, Fort property, reduced from $9,500 to $9,000.

J. Larbourne—Improvements on lot 151, reduced from $2,250 to $2,000.

William C. Ward—Improvements on lots 1599 and 1601 reduced from $1,250 to $800 each, and on lot 1600 from $1,750 to $1,500.

Kenneth Mackean, (by W. C. Ward)—Blocks 13-17 and 22-26 in section 32, and 2, 3, 8 and 9, in section 31, assessment of about $700 per acre reduced 20 per cent.

Donald Fraser Estate—$50 assessment on improvement on lot 8, block 74, Fort property, ordered to be transferred to J. F. E. Englehardt.

Young and Doughty—Lots 1279 and 1289 reduced by $150 each from assessment of $1,150 and $1,350.

J. Keith Wilson—Lots 1201 3 ($950, $850 and $750) each reduced $100.

Miss Doane—Improvements on lot 246 ($500) reduced $100, and on lot 247 ($300) reduced $50.

Wilson & Pitts—Lots 5, 7 and 9, 12 and 36, blocks 24 and 7, Spring Ridge, ($480 to $520) reduced $50 each and lots 33 and 5 ($430 to $520) reduced $30 each.

George Tite, Mrs. Vermouth and William Reddick—Lots 8, 13 and 14, blocks 24 and 7, Spring Ridge, ($520) reduced $50 each, under the equalization clause of the act, no appeal having been entered.

Trustees Christ Church—Block 5, C.C. T., ($10,500) reduced $500; lots 19 and 22 ($850 each) reduced $50 each.

D. R. Harris—Lots 1187 and 9 ($760 each) reduced $60 each; lots 1186, 1190 and 2 ($700 each) reduced $60 each; lot 912 ($2,200) reduced $200.

Douglas Estate—All property south of Fairfield road and east of Cook street, and all between Richardson street and Moss street, reduced 10 per cent.

Mrs. Medana—Blocks 18 and 20 ($1,400 each) reduced $100 and $150 per acre respectively; block 21 ($1,300 acre) reduced $150 per acre, and blocks 24, 25, 28, 29, 30, and 31 ($1,300 acre) reduced $100 per acre.

William Denny—Lots in Wadlington alley ($3,000) reduced to $2,500 if assessor's statement of the size of lots is correct and to $2,000 if Mr. Denny's statement in the same connection is sustained.

Tolmie Estate—Part section 7a, 6, 52, 100 acres, ($950 acre) reduced $200 per acre; lots 15, 16, and 17 ($450 acre) reduced $50 each; lots in block 32, Hillside farm, reduced as follows, viz.: $470 lots to $400; $380 lots to $320.

J. W. Williams Estate—Lot 182 B ($8,500) reduced to $7,500.

Beaumont Boggs—Reduced on scale set by reductions on Kenneth Mackean's property.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Events of Interest in the Amateur and Professional Field.

TUG-OF-WAR.

THIS EVENING'S MATCH.

The Scots and firemen will meet at the Market Hall this evening for $100 a side. The teams are as follows:

Firemen—F. Steuk (anchor), L. McNeill, J. McKay, A. Munro, A. McKinnon, A. Wilson, E. Wilson, J. Hay, W. J. Crull, J. Millestate, with Chief Thos. Deasy as captain.

Scots—A. McDonald (anchor), John Manders, Wm. A. Andersen, James Woods, James McDonald, W. G. Murray, A. McLennan, Wm. R. Hill, with Captain Robert McGregor.

Sergt.-Major Mulcahy will act as judge for the firemen and Chief of Police Sheppard for the Scots. The string band from the flagship will play during the evening.

YACHTING.

Sheerness, June 8.—The Britannia beat the Ailsa and won the race. The Niagara was first in the 20-raters over the [illegible]mile course.

BASEBALL.

TO-DAY'S GAME.

The Nanaimo baseball team arrived down on the noon train accompanied by quite a number of sports who, it is said, came prepared to "go broke" on the boys from the Coal City. The team at once went to the grounds for a "warm up" practice. The game was witnessed by a large number of spectators. The result of the match could not be obtained at the hour of going to press.

At 4 o'clock the game stood: Nanaimo, 1; Victoria, 1. This was on the first of the 4th innings. Nanaimo's pitcher has done some wonderful work, the Victoria boys having great difficulty in getting on to his curves.

MISCELLANEOUS.

This afternoon the Victoria Wheelmen's club took a run to Oak Bay. Tomorrow morning at sunrise they run to Cordova.

AT THE GRAND LODGE.

Business Transacted at the Annual Gathering of B. C. Pythians.

Delegates to the grand lodge, K. of P., returned from Vancouver last night. They express themselves greatly pleased at the reception of their fellow members at the Terminal City. There was a moonlight excursion on Burrard Inlet on Monday, the night of their arrival, and a ball on a barge anchored in the Inlet. A banquet was given on Wednesday night and an enjoyable time was spent.

The business session opened Tuesday afternoon. It was decided to reduce the number of grand lodge representatives. In future there will be one representative for the charter and one for every hundred members of the lodge. It was formerly one for every 50. The grand master of exchequer and the grand keeper of records and seals were each placed under $1000 bonds. A motion to discontinue the allowance per diem of past grand chancellors was defeated.

The grand keeper of records and seals was ordered to communicate with Supreme Representative Behnsen asking him to keep his offer of the donation of an acre of land near Victoria for a Pythian Home open for another year.

ONCE HAPPY CHINA.

The Miseries Which Civilization will Bring Upon It.

The Republique Francaise publishes an interview with a Chinese scholar who lives in Paris and is the author of a volume on the Parisians.

"You wish to know," said he, "the opinion of our philosophers and sages in regard to the effect of the war just ended upon the condition of the Chinese. Well, I will give it to you. I put aside all the humiliations of defeat, and place myself upon more solid ground. The war has robbed us forever of our tranquility and our happiness. We were happy, and led simple lives; but, by bringing to us what you may call the 'benefits of civilization,' the Japanese will destroy our traditions and our hereditary virtues, confuse our customs and mode of living, and make us, like themselves, ambitious, restless and eager for conquests. And what will we gain by that?

"You fancy that the Chinese are ignorant, poor and wretched, but you must remember that happiness exists in the idea that one forms of it. In other words, a man is happy when he believes himself happy, when he confines his desires to the few joys that are within his reach. The peasant who eats his rice at the close of the day's work is satisfied with his fate, provided he keeps his eyes away from the riches of others, and closes his heart against covetousness. The evil sentiments of envy, jealousy and social hatred have never yet penetrated our population. I assure you that you wrong the poor Chinese. They are gentle, mild, good humored, honest, scrupulous, loyal, sympathetic and charitable. You may have read the accounts of certain cruelties and barbarities, but they belong to the laws of war, which are equally barbarous in all countries. In a condition of peace, when their quietude is not disturbed, the Chinese are of marvellous benignity, which is only equalled by the gentleness of their wives. I fancy that I know the Parisian ladies, but I do not hesitate to say that the Chinese women are superior to them. In the first place our ladies have little feet. They are good-natured and devoid of all coquetry. They have a deep sentiment of modesty, and their existence passes along without disputes and without quarrels. The woman who makes scenes is unknown in our favored climate. Our women are contented with the dresses that their lords and masters give them, and they never run bills with dressmakers or modistes. Moreover, luxuries in China are not costly. A furnished house with all the modern improvements can be rented for sixty francs a year. For a few cents a day you can have the most sumptuous dinners.

"The victory of the Mikado means the disappearance of our golden age. He has thrown down our walls. Now, the walls of China are symbolical; they sheltered the country against the winds from without. I mean those winds that bring them pests and civil war."

PERSONAL.

C. Dempster of Nanaimo, is at the Oriental.

T. M. Henderson was a passenger from Vancouver yesterday.

James Meldram left last night by the Mischief for Ahouset.

Hon. Mr. Justice Drake returned from the Mainland last night.

J. S. Clute, inspector of customs, New Westminster, is in the city.

Capt. W. R. George of the steamer City of Topeka was a passenger last evening from the Sound.

D. Wilson, inspector of schools, who has been conducting the high school entrance examinations at Vancouver, returned home last evening.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

THE WOMEN OF FRANCE.

Heroines and Martyrs Who Have Exerted a Powerful Influence.

At all times in France women have exercised patient influence, practically, socially and sentimentally. The country of Jeanne d'Arc has never lacked heroines and martyrs. During the reign of Catherine de Medici's miserable sons their Italian mother, by her absolute, cruel and narrow-minded policy, plunged the country into the horrors of Bartholomew, which were only equaled by the excesses of the Reign of Terror. During the corrupt reigns of Louis XIV and Louis XV the influence of women at court and therefore all over France was paramount and entirely pernicious to the welfare of the people.

Women in all ages have matched the men; so, as noble aspirations, unselfishness, love of justice and right were at a discount among the men who crowded the courts of the licentious Bourbons, where the debauchery and depravity were unparalleled since the era of Tiberius and Commodus, the throngs of titled courtesans merrily joined their royal and aristocratic lovers in spending the revenues exacted from the miserable peasants with tears of blood, until similar tears were extorted from them in turn by the revolution they originated.

Many generations of bad government by kings, courtesans and courtiers, the oppressions of the rich clergy and nobles, who monopolized all that was worth having in the State and exacted their taxes and seigniorial dues from those who at last had nothing left to tax, culminated in the intense misery of the years immediately preceding 1789, the first year of deliverance, and bred in the hearts of the victims a ferocity of hate for their oppressors, a fierce love of the principles of liberty and an overwhelming desire for its immediate fruition. In 1789 women of all classes threw themselves with ardor into the great revolutionary movement, and by their burning enthusiasm intesified the zeal of the men and urged them on to heroic deeds of self-sacrifice and duty to suffering humanity.

Women of noble and unselfish ideals, such as Mme. Roland, or of stainless life and character like Charlotte Corday, or the fascinating, fearless, unhappy Theroigne de Mericourt, the heroine of the women's march to Versailles, or the women of the people, full of hate and desire of vengeance, who crowded round the guillotine in 1793, uttering ferocious shouts and counting with exultation the ghastly heads as they fell before the axe of Sanson, were one and all animated by the same passionate love of liberty, the mother of all virtues. All were ready to sacrifice their lives gladly for freedom, conscious of the righteousness of their cause and of its ultimate triumph.

Many unthinking, superficial people even now, who have never known what it is to suffer and be despoiled to support the luxury and vice of tyrants, while shuddering at the excesses of the Reign of Terror, entirely ignore the causes of the sanguinary deeds which stand forth so luridly. They do not realize that nothing but a terrible baptism of blood could have regenerated such a corrupt country and purged it from its grossness and selfish indifference to wrongdoing. It was a civil war in another form. When the day of vengeance came how it was that the women seemed more ferocious than the men? The answer is very simple. They had suffered more, and "great miseries are always ferocious."—Belgravia.

Thomas A. Johns.

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as ever they were. My business, which is that of a cab-driver, requires me to be out in cold and wet weather, often without gloves, but the trouble has never returned."—THOMAS A. JOHNS, Stratford, Ont.

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The splendid Band of H. M. S. Royal Arthur will perform at MARKET HALL, next Saturday evening, during the Tug-of War between the Scotch and Firemen's teams.

ADMISSION TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

MEETINGS TO BE HELD.

LICENSING COURT.

The Board of Licensing Commissioners will sit on Wednesday next, the 12th instant, at 2:30 p.m., in the Police Court, City Hall.

By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

Victoria, B. C., June 7th, 1895. 5t

A.O.U.W. B. A., Ltd., Annual Meeting.

The Annual General Meeting of the A.O. U.W. B. A., Ltd., will be held in room 2 of the company's hall, Yates street, on Friday, June 14th, 1895, at 8 o'clock, when certain amendments to the By-laws will be considered.

BEAUMONT BOGGS,
Secretary.

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Allan Line, Mongolian	June 29
Dominion Line, Vancouver	June 29
Dominion Line, Oregon	July 4
From New York.	
Cunard Line, Etruria	June 22
Cunard Line, Campania	June 29
American Line, St. Louis	June 26
American Line, New York	July 3
White Star Line, Germanic	June 26
White Star Line, Adriatic	July 3
Nor. German Lloyd, Fulda	June 22
Nor. German Lloyd, Spree	June 25
Anchor Line, Circassia	June 22
Anchor Line, City of Rome	June 29
Red Star Line, Friesland	June 26
Red Star Line, Rhynland	July 3
French Line, La Champagne	June 29
French Line, La Bourgogne	July 6
Allan State Line, California	July 6
Allan State Line, Nebraska	July 20

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